

MON'S.

"A UNITED EMPIRE"

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Response to the Toast at the Duke of Connaught's Banquet.

The Canadian Troops Pay a Special Visit to the Queen at Windsor.

London, July 2.—The Duke of Connaught presided at a banquet given this evening by the Colonial Institute to the colonial premiers at the Hotel Cecil. Covers were laid for 600. Among those present were Lord Salisbury, the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Selborne, the Earl of Jersey, Lord Loch, Sir George Paulet, Phillips, the Lord Mayor, and most of the consular agents-general. The Duke of Connaught toasted the "United Empire," coupling Sir Wilfrid Laurier's name with the toast. Sir Wilfrid, in responding, said that if the colonial premiers remained no longer in England they would be killed by kindness. He admitted that the goal of his aspirations was to see Canadians of French descent sitting at Westminster. If he was a young man, he would hope to realize that ambition, but to-day his only ambition was to get a proclamation of certain foreign development.

Montreal, July 2.—The Star's cable says: No event in the whole programme of the Canadian troops has been anticipated with keener pleasure than to-day's special visit to Windsor as the guests of Her Majesty the Queen. Special trains took them down this morning from Paddington station. Their march from Chelsea through the streets, their departure and their progress past station after station along the beautiful Thames valley excited much popular interest and enthusiasm.

After yesterday's long dusty day at Aldershot, the uniforms and horses needed special attention this morning, and with the Queen's welcome in prospect the Canadian contingent turned out in excellent form. The royal borough was in festive attire, with flags and decorations, and the colonials were warmly received at Windsor. The officers lunched at the Queen's guests and the men were regaled in twenty marquees. Happily the rain kept off, though the weather was threatening.

After lunch the troops paraded in review order before the Queen and other royalties on the beautiful terrace grounds where Her Majesty was radiant with smiles and seemed keenly interested in every detail, expressing herself much pleased. Officials may not always have shown to great advantage in arranging for the colonial troops, but every Canadian officer and man is enthusiastic over the kindly consideration and appreciation of the Queen herself and the Prince of Wales and every other royalty whenever brought into contact with them. "The biggest republican, if such existed in Canada," said one Canadian to-day, "would have to go down under all this."

At the army review at Aldershot yesterday the military contingent from Canada made an excellent impression in the march past the Queen. The Northwest Mounted Police, the Dragoons and the Hussars were especially cheered.

After the review the Canadian, with other colonial troops, formed the Queen's escort on her return from the ground. It was a magnificent pageant, in beautiful weather.

London, July 2.—In the house of commons to-day Mr. Chas. T. Ritchie, president of the board of trade, read a telegram from the Queen expressing Her Majesty's deep concern in the disaster to the Pacific line steamship Adair, which was wrecked off the island of Scotland in the Indian ocean, on June 19th, and her sincere sympathy with the relatives of those who perished, as well as with the survivors for the terrible sufferings they had undergone.

A HARROWING STORY.

Life Aboard the Poor-Stricken Ship City of Paris.

New York, July 3.—Passengers who arrived last night on the steamship Alliance tell a harrowing story of their experience aboard the Pacific mail steamer City of Paris, which left Panama for San Francisco on May 23rd. It seems that on the day after clearing the Isthmus yellow fever broke out among the crew and passengers of the vessel, which caused a panic aboard, and resulted in the death of the commander, Captain Martensen. Three-fourths of the passengers, it is said, were attacked by the dread contagion, and at least a dozen of them died and were buried in the Pacific ocean. When the vessel finally reached San Francisco the facts of the terrible voyage were suppressed, and the sickness and deaths attributed to tropical dysentery, but the passengers who came here said there was no mistaking the symptoms, which were plainly those of yellow fever. The steamer touched at San Salvador, and a hard-bound for San Jose de Costa Rica came on board. The band, while the passengers were sick and dying, gave five-hour concerts each day.

KIDNEY WAR.

Quick the Surrender, and How the Flag of Truce is Hastily Hoisted When That Great General, South American Kidney Cure, Turns His Guns on the Disease.

This is what James Sullivan, of Chatham, Ont., writes: "For years I was a great sufferer from kidney trouble. The disease became so acute that I was confined to the house, and was greatly afflicted with insomnia. I was persuaded, after using many other remedies without relief, to procure a bottle of South American Kidney Cure. I had relief almost from the first dose. I have persisted in its use, and after using six bottles I am well and strong again. I can work fourteen hours out of twenty-four and feel very little, if any, fatigue. It is the best medicine I have ever used."

HEROISM ON THE HIGH SEAS.

Brave Action of a Captain and Four of His Men.

Quebec, June 25.—A sad story of death on the ocean and the noble devotion of a captain and some of his crew was received here yesterday when the steamship Antwerp City arrived, up with 12 shipwrecked men on board, the sole survivors of the crew of the barque Magnolia, which was lost off Newfoundland last night. The barque, Captain Toitson, a wooden vessel of 1,461 tons, sailed from Philadelphia with a cargo of 1,200 tons of anthracite for this port. For thirty years she and her captain have been regular visitors here. Up to the morning of the 21st she experienced fair weather, but on that day when about 50 miles north of the Bird Rocks, off Newfoundland, she encountered dense fog, and the vessel lay to. Soon afterwards a heavy wind from the southeast raised a big sea and she rolled heavily. Being caught in the trough of the sea the cargo shifted and the vessel turned over on her lee side, being thrown upon her beam ends. The water came halfway up the deck, and as a last resort, the mate was cut away, but in their fall they crushed two of the boats, and also ripped up the deck. Soon the water entered the opening and the vessel sank. The captain, considering the position perilous, ordered the long boat, which was upon the house, and was the only sound boat left, to be launched. The men were all upon the house, and two of them entered the boat. When they were seated, the captain refused to embark, and remarked to the other five, who included the first mate: "The boat will swamp if we go on board, and we may as well die here as anywhere." Seeing that the danger became every moment more imminent the boat reluctantly pulled off under command of the second mate. Ten minutes later the Magnolia gave a heavy lurch and slowly disappeared. The first mate was seen by the boat's crew clinging to a large hatch, and an effort was made to reach him. The wind, however, was too heavy and they drifted apart, and were soon separated. This occurred at 1 p.m. Monday, 21st, and for twenty-four hours the boat tossed about at the mercy of the waves. Then the steamship Antwerp City, which was running before the wind, sighted her and picked up the men, turning the boat adrift. Although some of the crew hoped that the mate may yet be picked up, others are sure that he was swept off the hatch. Moreover, the officers of the Antwerp City think that other vessels usually pass too far out to even run across him. The steamer's crew state that the long boat, which was the longest of any of her lifeboats, would easily have held the whole eight men, but the captain did not wish to risk the lives of the twelve men in it. The missing men, who it is morally certain are drowned, are: Captain Toitson, First Mate H. A. Hansen, Stewart Hans Wickner, Cook Wilhelm Jansen, Able Seaman Alex. Sjogren, Carl Carpenter. The survivors have been taken charge of by the Norwegian consul here, Mr. Schwartz. They had very little hardship before being rescued.

A PECULIAR CASE

A YOUNG DAUGHTER OF DAVID McHARDY, OF FERGUS, THE VICTIM—HAS SUFFERED THE MOST INTENSE AGONY—DOCTORS FAILED TO HELP HER.

From the Fergus News-Record.

Nearly every person in this section is acquainted with Mr. David McHardy, the popular leader of the St. Andrew's church choir, Fergus. Our reporter called on Mr. McHardy at his home in Upper Nicol recently, and from him and his estimable wife a tale of terrible suffering was elicited, suffering that has brought a once exceptionally strong and healthy child to the verge of the grave. The subject of the sketch, Lena McHardy, is fourteen years of age, and her parents say that she has not grown any since her illness began some two years and a half ago. Her terrible suffering from that time, she was vaccinated in June, 1894, and what she has undergone has aroused the deepest sympathy of all the friends of the family. In conversation with Mr. McHardy and his wife the following facts were elicited: "Two years ago last June," said the father, "Lena was vaccinated by a doctor in Fergus. The arm was very sore and swollen all summer, and by the end of the summer it was a mass of cancer from the shoulder to the elbow. In October, 1894, a large lump appeared on her back, over one of her lungs. The doctor who vaccinated her treated her all that summer, calling very frequently, but the medicine he gave her did her no good and she was growing weaker and weaker. When the lump broke on her back another doctor was consulted, who said she was in a bad state of health. Her constitution appeared to be completely undermined, and her appetite had completely failed. The last doctor called in gave some outward applications, and lanced the gathering, but it did not give the patient any benefit. Nine such gatherings have appeared since that time, but each broke and disappeared of its own accord, only to be followed by another. The child became very puny, and a little of her food would remain on her stomach. At night she would fairly rave with the pain in her arm and back, and consequently her trouble was aggravated by a loss of sleep. She had the best of attendance, but to no avail, and she was slowly but surely sinking. Friends advised a treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and as a last resort they were tried. To the surprise of all her parents and friends, she began to improve soon after beginning the use of the pills. Her appetite returned, she became stronger and her general health much improved. The sores have not yet left her back and arm, but her constitution is being so very much improved under the treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that her parents are looking for a complete cure. Mr. and Mrs. McHardy thank Dr. Williams for the present improvement of condition of their child, as they have done her more good than the scores of bottles of doctor's medicine which she took."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood builder and a nerve restorer. They supply the blood with its life and health-giving properties, thus driving disease from the system. There are numerous pink-stained imitations against which the public is warned. The genuine Pink Pills can only be had in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Refuse all others.

A WISE MOVE.

Quebec Government Dismissing Appointees of the Late Administration.

Montreal, July 2.—Attorney-General Archambault has ordered the dismissal of about 40 clerks appointed by the late provincial government, without the payment of the salaries due them. He also intimates that those permanent courthouse employees who are Conservatives, and whose salaries were increased before the election, will receive only their former salaries hereafter.

Francis Corbell, wharfinger for the Lachine canal, has been dismissed.

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carters' Little Liver Pills. Very small; very easy to take; no pain, no griping; no purging. Try them.

Windsor Salt

Purest and Best for Table and Dairy Use. No adulteration. Never cakes.

Jerome are interesting. When Jerome was outwitted by the Austrian general Klenau, he still boasted of his strategic plans in an inflated order of the day. This caused Napoleon to write as follows: "I have seen your order of the day, which makes you the laughing stock of Austria. Haven't you a friend about to tell you the plain truth? You are a king and a leader of the emperor; these are ridiculous titles. In time of war you must be a soldier; and nothing but a soldier. You must have no minister, no diplomatic corps, no state. You must camp with the vanguard, be day and night on horseback, and march in the van to pick up news, or remain in one's haven."

"You make war like a satrap (petty autocrat). It is from me, good God, that you learn that; from me, who, with an army of 200,000 men, keep at the head of my skirmishers."

The people are provoked with you, Klenau, and your ridiculous pretensions, and has slipped away from you and fallen upon Jhot. You have a lot of pretensions, some little mind and a few good qualities, but these are marred by your family and your extreme presumption. You have no knowledge of the things of things. Leave off being ridiculous, send your diplomatic corps back to Cassela, have no baggage, and wage war like a young soldier wishing to earn glory and reputation. Try to deserve the rank you have achieved and the esteem of France and Europe, and you will find, good God, do right and speak in a seemly manner, if you can."

Threatening letters have been received by other Europeans. During the progress of the plague prominent Hindus made violent accusations against the British soldiers, charging them with robbing, ravishing and ill-treating all who came in contact with them.

The allegations that the Brahmins are responsible for the murders which have recently occurred are repudiated vigorously. The whole matter is causing the gravest disquietude in official circles.

Calcutta, July 2.—The rising has ended, a compromise on the plague measures having been arranged between the authorities and the rioters, whereupon the disturbances have immediately ceased.

The absence of rain is causing the greatest anxiety throughout India. London, July 2.—The newspapers of this city express anxiety at the occurrence in India, intimating that the mass of the natives there are less content under British rule than was generally believed, and that a rebellion of unpleasant proportions may be threatening. Constant communications are passing between the Indian and Home governments.

MEXICO'S GROWTH.

The Mexican Herald says: "The City of Mexico is rapidly growing to be one of the handsomest cities on the continent. It is no longer presenting the aspect of a city whose development was arrested during the vice-regal period. The old Spanish buildings, well for their time, but their solidity and gravity were reflected in their architecture, often imposing enough and as gloomy as the Escurial itself. There are still existing streets through which to walk is to have the sensation of having been by some magic transported back to the times when the good Viceroy Revillagigedo walked abroad in the dusk, surrounded in his ample cloak, to see if police regulations were observed."

"The city is becoming modernized, not only in the pleasant outer wards, filled with pretty and attractive houses, but in the very centre the transformation is going on, and the great Teresa block, swinging around to face on the Plaza Mayor, is the beginning of a complete architectural transformation. The old square which was admirably laid itself to new and grandiose structures. Much as artists and lovers of the picturesque are a-die like it, a rarer modern city is growing up here, a city whose architecture will be totally distinct from the massive and somewhat gloomy features of Old Mexico."

"Owing to the excessive cost of construction here, roads remain in a state of decay, and the city is becoming a railroad centre is unfortunate. If some one could solve the problem of giving the city clean, attractive and cheap houses, he would not only be a benefactor, but would make money for himself. Possibly this may only be accomplished by a great company buying its material at wholesale prices, having its own quarries, and possibly employing the city, if that be feasible. As this capital will continue to be the seat of the federal government, there will always be the great employee class of the civil service to be provided with comfortable homes, and the army of clerks in mercantile establishments and of small tradesmen, must also make the demand a constant quantity. Homes for the people and houses for the masses, hygienic, sunny, with abundant water, must replace the antiquated tenements and the inconvenient houses modeled in their petticoats on great mansions whose petty courts are appropriate in this climate of sunshine. The city is being transformed before our eyes, but the work that is required to meet the wants of the great majority of citizens must be systematically undertaken, and best of all by a great construction company."

"FELL DEAD."

What More Every-day Reading Do You Read in This Paper Than That? They Are Legion.

Don't daily with heart disorders. There is but one cure. "I had been for a number of years sorely afflicted with heart disease. At times my life was despaired of. Doctors had prescribed and I had taken every heart remedy made, I had supposed, and did not get any benefit. I read the wonderful cures wrought by Dr. Agnew's Care for the Heart. I procure a bottle, and in less time almost than it takes to tell it, the distress was relieved. I followed the directions closely, and today I am as well as usual again, and I shall do all in my power to make known to every one suffering as I did, the wonderful cure it worked for me. Mrs. Wm. Burton, Dartmouth, Ont."

Much in Little

Especially true of Hood's Pills, for no medicine ever contained so great curative power in so small space. They are a whole medicine.

Hood's Pills

chest, always ready, always efficient, always satisfactory; prevent a cold or fever, cure all liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, constipation, etc. Hood's Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

TROUBLE IN INDIA.

The Natives Reported to Have Assumed an Aggressive Attitude.

Bombay, July 2.—The assassins of Lieut. Ayerst, of the Commissariat corps, who was shot and killed by concealed natives while leaving the governor's reception at Caneahind on the evening of July 22, Jubilee day, Plague Commissioner Rand being dangerously wounded at the same time, are still at large. The aggressive attitude of the natives prior to the shooting was remarked. There were whisperings of impending disaster to Europeans, and it is thought that the whole native community, including the police, had foreknowledge that something was going to happen. On Jubilee night a delayed anonymous letter arrived at Commissioner Rand's bungalow, saying: "You will die to-day and the Queen will die two days after. Many others will follow and the holders will be killed."

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ONE HONEST MAN.

To the Publisher: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed envelope the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly strength after years of suffering from nervous weakness, low vigor, untimely discharges, and lack of development.

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FOR SALE.

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The Island abounds with game, the bays with fish. For further particulars see Directory. Apply H. J. ROBERTSON, Balmoral Hotel.

JNO. MESTON.

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH ETC.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD (Established 1867).

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Government Street, Victoria.

Proof against ignition by accident

Capital Safety Match

In neat sliding boxes. For Pocket and Household use.

Ask your dealer for them THE E. B. EDDY CO., Limited, Hull

AN IMPERIAL PAWNSHOP.

Austria has an imperial pawnshop. It was established in Vienna in 1707, when there was great distress among the poor in the southern part of the empire. The Boston Transcript explains that it was designed as a way to secure to the starving some means of immediate relief, and by putting the rate of interest as low as possible, and embodying in the system every advantage that could be given to those who sought to make loans, it was found to be an effective remedy for the distress of the poor.

It was not long until its managers were made public officials under the direction of the minister of the interior. This is substantially the state of the institution at this time. The rates are so low that the business done on the cheap goods and chattels of the poor could not possibly make the establishment self-sustaining; but people who have been suddenly reduced in circumstances or who are temporarily embarrassed, keep the margins on the right side, and enable the institution to keep open without the aid of a subsidy. In the year 1893 a total of 805,015 articles were pledged, and of these 848,562 were redeemed, a remarkable redemption as compared with the proportions of the average pawnshop.

The pledges were sold by public auction, and whenever they brought more than the face of the pledge, the balance was set to the account of the pledger, to be refunded any time within three years.

Mary Queen of Scots, whose hair turned gray through fright, might have restored its color had some preparation like Hall's Hair Renewer been known then.

During an invasion panic which spread through England when some French colonels addressed their emperor, Napoleon III., in very fiery terms, a certain Yorkshire colonel of volunteers distinguished himself by the following utterance at a local banquet:—Attention—on behalf of my comrades, I can assure you that if Napoleon's colonels should land at Spurn, the First East York Rifles will not be the last to see—"a declaration that remained as a joke against the regiment for many years."

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.

Government Street, Victoria.

ROSES.

for fall delivery taken now. Cut flowers at reasonable rates.

A. OHLSON, Oakland Nursery, VICTORIA, B. C.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Victoria Loan Office, 43 Johnson Street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance Oriental Alley. F. Landsberg, Prop. 2, O. Box 606. (6015-19)

Capital Safety Match

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FIRE IN EGYPT.

Over Four Thousand People Rendered Homeless.

New York, July 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Cairo, via Paris, says: The advance towards Abdul Hamid will be resumed shortly. The intelligence department staff will start for the front as soon as their head, Col. Wingate, returns to Cairo.

Several disastrous fires have brought desolation and ruin in Tanta and suburban districts of late, and the number of people rendered homeless by the fires at Abou Tor and Mit Hobeish is 3,500 and 913 respectively, while the identified bodies of the unfortunate victims amount to 73 and 19 respectively. The spread of the fire at Tanta was most capricious, some houses being left intact while buildings all around them were burned. In one instance the fire leaped a distance of 80 yards, an intervening house of somewhat more substantial build than the others being left entirely untouched. The loss is estimated so far at \$200,000, not a penny of which was covered by insurance.

BRYAN AT SALT LAKE.

Makes His Usual Free Silver Speech to the Mormons.

Salt Lake, July 1.—An immense crowd greeted Hon. W. J. Bryan at the Salt Lake theatre to-night. Hon. C. S. Vinton called the meeting and J. A. C. C. Goodwin presided.

Mr. Bryan's address was mainly on the money question, and he discussed the ratio between gold and silver from the earliest history of the government.

"He denied that we were approaching the long promised prosperity and said that permanent prosperity could not be attained under our present monetary system."

He had no faith that our monetary commission now in Europe would accomplish anything that would bring about a larger use of silver.

He said the depreciation in our money had been to the advantage of foreign countries and that they were not likely to change their views because a money commission was there urging them to make concessions which would be in our interest.

No reference was made to recent political events in Ohio and Iowa. Mr. Bryan left on the 11:45 train to-night for San Francisco.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

The Rainy River Railway—The Dennis Election.

Winnipeg, July 2.—Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann, contractors for the Rainy River railway, have been notified by Premier Greenway, railway commissioner, to cease further construction operations on the road, and the workmen have been recalled. The intention was to construct an additional 25 miles this summer, connecting the line with Lake Winnipegosis.

Messrs. Mackenzie and Mann have secured the contract for building 80 miles of the Rainy River railway from the end of the Port Arthur, Winnipeg and Duluth line, over which perpetual running powers have been secured. Mr. Mann stated today that surveys would be put to work immediately and that as soon as they were far enough ahead work on the construction of the road would be begun.

The police detachment at Battleford, picked up the body of a man on a sandbar in the river near Hearst last week, but his head was so eaten away as to be unrecognizable. He was dressed in blue overalls and had one shoe on. It is thought that it may be that of Robert Seckley, ex-sergeant in the 2nd Royal Artillery, who was drowned while mining at Saddle Lake in November last.

Miss Gruntham, who recently arrived in this city from England with a brother and other relatives, was found dead in her bedroom yesterday.

Fishermen on Lake of the Woods report their catch much greater this season than last year.

The Brandon Sun gives currency to the report that James Elder, Patron candidate for Dennis, is about to retire from the contest, giving Kennedy, Liberal, the seat by acclamation.

An attraction at the Rat Portage regatta was an exhibition single-scul race between Gaudaur and Hackett. The former won easily.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Secretary Gage Talks in a Hopeful Strain of Future Prosperity.

New York, July 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: "The government financial affairs are in good shape," said Secretary Gage in an interview. "We have come to the end of the fiscal year with a good resource behind us and brighter hopes for the future. I feel assured that by the time June 30, 1898, rolls around the government's affairs will be in better condition, while the people of the country will have cause to thankfulness that a new era of prosperity has set in."

"With the end of the fiscal year 1896, one year ago," continued Mr. Gage, "the gold reserve was only \$102,000,000, or just barely above the theoretical reserve of a hundred millions. There was a fear that before the year was over there might be very large exports, compelling the administration to again issue bonds for gold. Now we not only have a gold reserve of \$141,600,000, but there is not a cloud in sight as to its continuance approximately as it is."

"This is the most hopeful sign that I see in the present condition of the government finances, for when the country is all right and the government is all right the gold reserve is sure to be all right, and vice versa."

"At the end of this fiscal year, looking over the official statement, which has been on my desk, the condition of the government is all that could be desired. There is no trouble with the gold reserve, that barometer of confidence. The business men, capitalists and investors, not only of our own country, but of the world, are content with our situation and prospects. All the nervousness which formerly held us in its coils has disappeared. In its place we have confidence in the future, confidence in the government, confidence in ourselves. The hoarding of gold has stopped and much of the yellow metal that was piled away during the depression has come out and gone into circulation."

"The closing of the fiscal year brings us nearer to the passage of a new tariff law, which will give business a settled condition, we hope, for a long time. That it will also give the government sufficient revenue for its needs, doing away with the deficit, we have satisfactory evidence."

TOO MUCH LIGHT FOR US.

There has been an astonishing increase of blindness in the world, and especially in civilized countries, observes a writer in the Boston Globe.

The latest reports show that there are 23,000 blind persons in England, or \$70 for each million inhabitants. There are in each million of less than five years 104 who are blind; in each million between five and fifteen, 228; in each million between fifteen and twenty, 442; in each million between twenty and thirty, 1,025; and in each million above thirty years, 7,000.

Of the estimated 1,000,000 blind people in the world, Russia and Egypt are the countries where the blind constitute the largest proportionate number of the total population; in Russia on account of the lack of experienced medical attention, and in Egypt because of ophthalmia due to irritation caused by the movement of the sand by the wind. There are nearly 200,000 blind people in Russia. This is more than half the total blind population of Europe. If there is such an astonishing

DEATH FROM FIRE PAINLESS.

"Those who lose their lives in conflagrations do not by any means always suffer physical pain. In many cases, no doubt, sharp terror is the one thing of which the victim is conscious, and in many more, strange as it may seem, consciousness plays no part, life ceasing painlessly and without a struggle. In great conflagrations gases are produced which have much the same effect as chloroform or similar anesthetics, and it is a fact that of those who lose their lives in such catastrophes a considerable portion pass into death without any evidence of having suffered. This result is produced especially when a fire has smothered, when the access of air has at first been insufficient to cause complete combustion, and when that deadly gas, carbonic oxide, has sent its victims into a sleep before the actual flames have reached them."

"Of those, however, who have evidently struggled and fought, and whose charred corpses are afterwards found in attitudes suggestive of violent efforts made in attempting to escape, it must of necessity be imagined that they have been burned alive and have died in the agony which such contortions are popularly imagined to express."

"Death from agony is really death from shock, a condition in which the body is limp and helpless; whereas in death from suffocation, struggling may go on even after consciousness has passed."

A GOOD COUNTRY.

Col. Head, of California, Talks of East Kootenay.

Spokesman-Review: Colonel A. E. Head, rugged and hearty, an old California pioneer, has been up in the Fort Steele country, and returned Tuesday night.

Colonel Head's visit to the northwest at this time is linked together with theories by knowing mining men, who profess to believe he is the forerunner of the California mining millionaires who have hitherto persistently kept out of Idaho, Washington and British Columbia, but now see in the history of our mining camp development like unto that in California in early days. Colonel Head does not pretend to be buying anything. He is like the lady shopping—just looking around. He is evidently trying to ascertain by personal observation what kinds, grades and quantities of ore there are, and where they are. Though a lifetime has been spent in mining, he goes around, curious as a school boy, and just as active. He talks with prospectors by the hour, gets their views and descriptions of ore bodies, veins, leads or lodes, and examines all of the specimens of worth he can secure. Not even to his most intimate friends has he suggested what his mission was—merely looking over the country. This morning he leaves for Roseland.

"The Fort Steele is a big country," pressed, perhaps, with the gold ore, though he did not say so. He comes from a country where there are no base ores and where ranges after range carries free milling. He spoke of this, and said in his opinion free milling ore in East Kootenay were limited, and that little of it would be found. "They have what they profess to believe is free milling ore," said Colonel Head, "but it does not come up to my idea of it."

Discussing the recent British Columbia companies set, Colonel Head said he believed it to be a law dangerous to British Columbia. "I can not understand," he said, "how such a law could have been passed. Their laws heretofore have been so uniformly good and wise that this striking contrast is a puzzle to me. Surely it can not mean that they do not invite investments. They want people, they want mining development, they want activity. Never in my life before have I seen a mining community that was not bidding for these things, instead of repelling them. I must confess it is beyond me. I do not understand what they mean by enacting such a law."

Frank Hogan, of the Sullivan group of mines, in the Fort Steele country, came down with Colonel Head. He said in answer to questions that the Sullivan had about ten men at work sinking a shaft and doing surface work. "They are down about 40 feet," he said. "The shaft is seven by ten feet, and is all in solid ore. It is our purpose to sink the



BUSINESS--NOT LOVE.

TISDALE—Put up the bars! It's madness to let him bring in his corn without getting an equal privilege in his market.
FISHER—We are not mad, most noble Tisdale. We are not doing this out of affection for Uncle Sam, but out of regard for our own pockets. We want our live stock fed cheaply.

ing percentage of blind people in the world, what must be the vast number of imperfect and defective eyes? It is said that the number of people who are obliged to use glasses has increased 25 per cent. within the last half century in the great cities.

The existing civilization is far better lighted than have been former ones, but the more intense illumination is seriously at the expense of the human eye. Our ancestors were obliged to give the eye far more rest than we. If we could only see as our forefathers, our eyes would be heavily for the luxury. But the science of illumination is only in its infancy, with all its great achievements, and more light on the science of light will doubtless yet rescue the human eye from its existing trials.

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness.

Itching, Burning Skin Disease Relieved in a day. Eczema, salt rheum, burners' itch and all eruptions of the skin quickly relieved and speedily cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It will give instant comfort in cases of itching, bleeding or blind piles, and will cure in from three to six nights. 35 cents.

ed, and the strained attitude of the corpse may be expressive only of the final paroxysmal effort made in a state of entire unconsciousness.

"Suffocation in fire depends on something more than mere carbonic acid poisoning. It is the stoppage of the breathing by the stifling vapors which does the mischief. Carbonic acid would doubtless kill if it could be breathed, but anyone who has attempted to enter a burning building will know that suffocation depends not on the carbonic acid, but on the fact that one cannot breathe at all. The lungs are so much deprived of their supply of oxygen as if the sufferer were plunged overhead in water, and the struggle produced is much the same. While, then, we must admit the horror, the woman, the terror, the fight for breath and finally the death from suffocation, we must remember that all this is often a matter of short duration, and that it is something very different from the slow torture of being burned alive."—Hospital.

You may hunt the world over and you will not find another medicine equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.

For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Colonel Held said yesterday. "There is no telling what the force will be increased, and the prospectors will be several years in searching before its entire greatness will be known. I think it is to be a good mining country. There are good properties up Tracy creek, up the St. Mary's, over on the Moyie river, and each of these is a district unto itself. With five or six exceptions only slight development has been done as yet, but indications are there that point to the future mineral development of the country."

Speaking of silver-lead properties, Colonel Head referred to the great bodies of the North Star, the Sullivan group and the St. Eugene. "Hogan's hill," he said, speaking of the Sullivan group, which is in part owned by Frank Hogan, "is a great property. It is not sufficiently developed yet to tell much about it, but it has a bigger capping and more favorable indications from the surface showings than any mine—the North Star not excepted. If there was no development on any of the properties, I would favor the Sullivan by long odds. The St. Eugene is a pretty mine. It is the only one that you can say is developed, and it shows a beautiful property. I secured samples of the St. Eugene's galena and of its fine steel galena, and they went about \$25 each. I never before saw such great deposits of ore as are found on there."

The colony was not so favorably im-

shaft 100 feet. When Colonel Ridpath goes up again the force will be increased, and a shaft sunk 100 feet on another surface showing. Then the two shafts will be connected by a crosscut, and we will drift on the ore body."

The North Star steamer, Mr. Hogan says, brought down 130 tons of ore from the mine by that name and unloaded 11 cars of freight at Leming for the return trip. "This will give great relief to the people in there," he said, "for there is a great scarcity of supplies."

REMARKABLE CASES

Chronic Invalids Raised From Their Sick Beds After Giving Up Hope.

London, Ont.—Henry R. Nicholls, 170 Rectory street, catarrh; recovered Dr. Chase's catarrh cure. 25c.

Markdale—Geo. Crowe's child, itching eczema; cured. Chase's ointment.

Truro, N.S.—H. H. Sutherland, traveler, piles—very bad case; cured. Chase's ointment. 60c.

Lucan—Wm. Branton, garden, pin worms; all gone. Chase's pills.

L'Amable—Peter Van Allen, sciatica for three years. Cured. Chase's Ointment.

Gower Point—Robano Bartard, dreadful itching piles, 30 years. Well again; Chase's Ointment. 60c.

Meysburg—Nelson Simmons, itching



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles that tend to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, Bloating and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels, even if they only cured

HEAD

ache they would almost promise to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. Not after all sick head

ACHE

we have of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly reliable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse all who use them. In vials of 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

rheumatism and suffering from dialysis; cured. Chase's Ointment.

Malone—Geo. Richardson, kidney and liver sufferer; better. One box Chase's Pills. 25c.

Chesley—H. Will's son, crippled with betes, completely recovered. Chase's Pills.

Matchard Township—Peter Taylor, kidney trouble, 30 years; cured. Chase's Pills. 25c.

Toronto—Miss Hattie Delaney, 174 Crawford street, subject to perpetual colds. Cured by Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. 25 cents.

Dr. Chase's remedies are sold by all dealers. Edmondson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto.

Oxford celebrated a recent visit of the Prince of Wales by an old-fashioned town and gown row of unusual proportions. The students undertook to clear sidewalks and streets by marching in compact bodies with arms interlocked, and ran against the metropolitan policemen, sent up to protect the Prince. After being severely clubbed, fourteen students and a fellow and lecturer of one of the colleges were arrested and fined for drunkenness and disorderly conduct in the police court, while others were fined by the university authorities for fighting the police.

When Bicycling

always have some Tutti Frutti with you. It always thirst and prevents fatigue.

Some dealers to obtain a big profit, try to palm off imitations. See that the trade mark name

Tutti Frutti

is on each package.

Save coupons inside of wrappers for latest books and prices. 101

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co.

NOTICE.

To Prospectors, Miners and Holders of Mineral Claims on unoccupied land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company's land grant, FOR ONE YEAR ONLY from the date of this notice, the Railway Company will sell their rights to minerals (except coal and iron) and the surface rights of mineral claims, at the price of \$5.00 per acre. Such sales will be subject to all other reservations contained in conveyances from the Company prior to this date. One half of the purchase money to be paid ten days after recording the claim with the Government, and a duplicate of the record to be filed in the Company's Land Office, Victoria, on payment of the first instalment. The balance of the purchase money to be paid in two equal instalments, at the expiration of six and twelve months, without interest. Present holders of Mineral Claims who have not previously made other arrangements with the Company for acquiring Surface and Mineral Rights, are hereby notified to at once make the first payment on their Claims, as otherwise they will be deemed and treated as trespassers.

LEONARD H. BOLLY, LAND COMMISSIONER.

Victoria, B.C., June 1st, 1897.

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS, and CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

MINERS' OUTFITS

A SPECIALTY.

Victoria, B. C.



The Daily Times.

THE SENATE.

It is said that the senate is needed as a revisor of hasty legislation passed through the commons. Curiously enough, it acts as a revisor only when the commons is Liberal; when the commons is Conservative the senate is only a nonentity. Take the case of the Drummond County railway arrangement, for instance. If that arrangement had been concluded by any of the Conservative governments the majority in the senate would never have thought of calling it in question, but would have passed it through without a word. They passed a great many more than dubious jobs through for Sir John Macdonald and his successors, jobs which should have really aroused the suspicions of senators now pretend to feel over the Drummond County bargain. The senate cannot be regarded by any person of common sense as an impartial revisor; it is either a partisan ally or a partisan obstructionist, according to the complexion of the government.

WHY NOT BUILD?

"The Times has got where we thought it would," quoth our sapient neighbor. It is very likely that the statement is quite accurate—provided the proper interpretation is placed upon it. We have no desire to take from the Heinze organ any credit it deserves as a prophet, and therefore assume that its thoughts were of a character to justify its statement quoted above. That is to say, the Colonist thought the Times would be found defending the public interest against private speculation, and that is precisely where the Times "has got." For that matter, it is where the Times is always to be found. Further, our neighbor doubtless predicted to itself that the Times would not only get by stay where it could strive to the best of its ability to secure for Victoria and the other coast cities the largest possible benefit from whatever public funds were to be devoted to railway building. The Times has been most happy to fulfil the Colonist's prophecy; moreover it intends to continue in the good work. We respectfully offer the suggestion that the Colonist should come over and help us, instead of working for the interest of a clique and against the welfare of this and the other coast cities. Reform in "his respect" would make our neighbor more worthy of the position it pretends to aspire to—that of Victoria's chief friend. Having said so much in regard to position, let us repeat the question which the Heinze organ this morning took some trouble to evade. Why do not Heinze and his friends go to work and build the road from the Columbia to Penikese? They have the provincial land and money subsidy, and they are under bond to build the line, construction to proceed from both ends. Are they prepared to forfeit the bond and forego the provincial subsidy if there is no Dominion bonus forthcoming? These questions are of more importance to the public than any positions the Times and Colonist may choose to take in respect of public or private interests. It is said American companies are about to push their lines to the international boundary—they can do nothing more at present—in order to secure the trade of the Kettle River district. They expect no bonus, and if they build at all they will count on being recouped by the traffic they gain. If there is a prospect of their making this move, and it is so desirable to head them off, why cannot Mr. Hood's subsidized company perform the task? There is not the slightest possibility of a Dominion subsidy being granted for nearly another year, and it is time to be allowed to lapse without an effort to avert what is held up as a terrible danger?

Experiment has succeeded in the reduction of air to a liquid state at a temperature of something more than 200 degrees below zero, and wonder-mongers are at work prophesying of what is to be achieved with fluid atmosphere. Prof. Dewar, in lecturing upon the liquefaction of air as an agent of research recently at the Royal Institute, referred to the effects of extreme cold upon living organisms. It has been found that the spores of ordinary living putrescent matter are not killed by being subjected to the temperature of liquid air. Whether seeds will germinate after exposure to the ordeal is not yet absolutely known.

The Province Publishing Co.'s enterprise in publishing maps of the province merits success. The latest issue is a "road map" of Vancouver and New Westminster districts, especially for the use of cyclists. The map is in the shape of a folder that can be carried in the pocket, and is strongly mounted. It shows all the roads of the two districts which, presumably, are in a condition to be travelled over on "the wheel." The cyclist who is a stranger in the districts will be able to travel with confidence and ease if he carries one of these maps with him.

Montreal Herald: "We believe that the protests which were made by Liberal members of parliament against the continuance of the Conservative policy of spending money on public buildings in small places all over the country, will be echoed by the Liberal party and the electorate generally all over the Dominion. We repudiate, in the strongest manner, the principle, so long acted upon in this country, that expenditures can be justified upon another basis than the requirements of the public service. It should be understood by everybody, without loss of time, that the fact of a certain county not having received any railway subsidies is not a sufficient reason for building in it a postoffice, or anything else. And if the idea is lodged in the mind of any members of the government that this is the time for evening up expenditures, as between Liberal and Conservative counties, we hope that alongside that idea is a clear appreciation of the fact that there must be no expenditure made in the process which is not warranted by the necessities of the public service."

"Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel complaint," says Mrs. E. G. Gregory, of Fredericton, N.S. "Our doctor's remedy had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief."

For sale by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

OXFORD OF TO-DAY.

In an interesting article on Joacett in the Contemporary Review, A. M. Fairbairn says: "The Oxford of the nineteenth century stands out in striking contrast to the Oxford of the eighteenth. The attempt which from the middle of the century onward was so strenuously made to resuscitate the university without depressing the colleges has had its counterpart in the activity which each has displayed in its most characteristic field. In the region of thought Oxford has, in the whole, produced no work of such relative eminence as Butler's; in history, nothing that can be compared to 'Gibbon's'; in literature, no man that lives in the imagination like Johnson; but there has been on the whole a much more uniform and disciplined mental activity. The university has not, indeed, been without creative thinkers in philosophy, and writers in history who have a fair title to the term 'classical.' Nor has it been deficient in learning, both of the older and newer order; but what is remarkable is that its performance in the arena of the intellect have been surpassed by its productivity in the field of character and life. Into the causes of this double change we need not inquire, though certain of them are obvious enough. For one thing, Oxford has lived much more in the life of the nation, has been a sort of epitome or centre in which all the forces that have moved the day have been intensified by being concentrated. 'It has not, like Oxford of the eighteenth century, cultivated treason in its heart, and been proudly disloyal to the reigning house through loyalty to a house that could not govern; nor has it, because it could not continue Jacobite, suddenly turned Tory, as the most agreeable form in which it could maintain its aloofness from the outside world. On the contrary, no place agrees less with Matthew Arnold's description of Oxford than Oxford itself. It is only to the poet's fancy that she can seem 'the home of lost causes, forsaken beliefs, unpopular ideas and impossible loyalties.' She has been no 'adorable dreamer,' but, on the whole, a matron of excellent worldliness, who, naturally, indeed, retains her 'ineffable charm' to the remnant of imagination or the mind that sees her from afar."

"There has been no spot less serene or more scorched by fierce intellectual fires. Where mind is young thought must be active: the place where youth is present cannot be a place of repose. And Oxford has for our generation such infantile significance, because within her borders so much of the mending conflict of the new mind with the old has been fought."

Lietowel, Sept. 22nd, 1896. Edmonson, Bates & Co., Gentlemen.—I have pleasure in saying that Dr. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and its various preparations, are selling well, and are giving every satisfaction. Many of my customers have spoken highly in their praise. Yours truly, J. A. Hacking.

—William Springer, the cook of the British ship *Baltimore*, now lying in the Royal Roads, was brought before Mr. Justice Baynes Reed, stipendiary magistrate at Esquimalt, this morning and charged with deserting from that ship. He pleaded extenuating circumstances and preferred a counter charge of assault against Capt. McLaren, the master of the ship. Springer was fined \$20. The charge of assault preferred by him against Capt. McLaren will be heard by Mr. Reed on Monday.

The great popularity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as a cough cure is easily explained. It is soothing, healing, agreeable to the taste, does not interfere with digestion, and is the most economical of all similar preparations. It is prompt to act and sure to cure.

THE RAILWAY MIDDLE.

The charter-mongers, Heinze and Milne, have locked horns at Ottawa, the result being a doubtful outlook for the immediate construction of a railway through this southern portion of British Columbia. Upon the offending head of Dr. Milne all sorts of imprecations are being lavishly heaped, whilst to his opponent a certain amount of sneaking adulation is being offered, mingled with censure. Why are people so inconsistent? Surely they do not entertain the idea that either the one or the other will give a thought to the public weal or woe whilst fighting to obtain privileges which the people of this province, or rather a portion of their representatives, have placed them in a position to expect. Did not the provincial government grant to the one a charter, carrying with it a cash subsidy, and did not the same government grant to the other a charter, carrying with it a tremendous land bonus, and endeavor as well to supplement the concession with a cash subsidy amounting to many thousands of dollars? Why, therefore, censure these men, who are nothing more than the representatives of rings and cliques and servants who are expected to do the bidding of their masters. Would it not be more consistent to turn attention to the government, that, shirked its responsibility to the people, and gave the other the subsidy-seeking and land-grabbing policy to be done away with and one substituted for it, having for its object legitimate enterprise, carried out under the direction of a responsible government.

In the meantime and until such a changed state of affairs as outlined above can be brought about, something must be done to insure a railway being built through the Boundary Creek district at the earliest possible moment, that is if the people of the province and those of the coast particularly do not wish the trade of the district diverted into alien and southern channels. Did the Turner government recognize its duty to the people, it would immediately take steps to put into execution the building of the road from Penikese to the Columbia as a provincial enterprise, and land-grabbing policy be done away with and one substituted for it, having for its object legitimate enterprise, carried out under the direction of a responsible government.

CASTLE SOLD BY AUCTION.

Tamworth castle, seat of the Marquis of Townshend, was sold by auction last week. A large company was present. Tamworth Borough having been recently excited over the matter. The town council, strongly supported by the ratepayers, had resolved to endeavor to secure the castle, and the town clerk began the bidding at £1,000. There were two other bidders, one of whom was said to be acting for a rich American; but these were both greeted with shouts from the ratepayers, "Let the town have it."

At £2,050 one of the opposing bidders shouted, "Let them have it," and when the town clerk said "£3,000," the castle was knocked down to him, the fall of the hammer being greeted with great cheering.

The castle has been the property of the Townshend family and their predecessors for over 700 years, says the London Daily Mail. It passed out of their possession in 1821, when it was sold to Mr. Robins, a London auctioneer, but was subsequently purchased by Lord Chas. Townshend.

The original castle was built by King Offa, 757-794, but of this there remains very few evidences. It was probably a shell keep, an external wall enclosing a great yard and buildings. The present structure is of irregular polygonal shape, with ten or twelve sides. The fosse, or ditch, at the base of the castle, was a great wall and the massive curtain wall, which supports a path to the castle, presents a beautiful specimen of the hering bone masonry. The traditional Marston stone, which formerly stood upon old Lady Bridge crossing the Tame, and afterwards was built in the wall near the present bridge, was removed about 1872 and placed in the grounds of the castle.

The buildings include a spacious banqueting hall, with open timbered roof and walled walls and two carved and enriched doorways. The great chamber, reached by a staircase from the hall, is also paneled. In the course of its memorable history the castle received visits from the three "illustrious Henries," and thence extended the shelter of its walls to James I. Many of the Saxon kings held their courts within the castle, and it is highly probable that the Colonel, who was twice at Stafford on his way to York, also visited the noble residence of his Dispensator.

NO. 10

FOR

DYSPEPSIA.

- No. 10 settles the Stomach.
- No. 10 corrects Digestion.
- No. 10 relieves Heart-burn.
- No. 10 stimulates the Liver.
- No. 10 gives rest to the Nerves.
- No. 10 prevents distress after eating.
- No. 10 dissipates Bileousness.
- No. 10 clears the complexion.

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds, now try No. 10 for Dyspepsia.

INFANTS.—For Teething, Colic, Crying and Wakefulness, use No. 3.

All druggists, or sent for 4c, 5c, or 10c.

MEDICAL BOOK.—Dr. Humphrey's Homeopathic manual of all diseases mailed free. Humphrey's Medical Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

Texada City TOWNSITE.

The Lots in Blocks numbered 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 12 and 13 will be sold as follows: Corner Lots at \$150 each; Inside Lots at \$100. Lots in Blocks numbered 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 14 will be sold for \$100 each for corner lots and \$75 each for inside lots.

Terms will be one-third cash, balance payable in three and six months, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

The property is held under Crown grant, and title is warranted.

The vendor has contracted for the erection of a fine hotel, containing 20 rooms, at an expenditure of \$5,000, and to stimulate the quick building of Texada City, will give the hotel and ground upon which it stands (half an acre) as a prize to be drawn for among the first 500 paid-up purchasers of lots (each lot being entitled to one draw). The following well-known business men of Vancouver will superintend the drawing for the lot-holders: J. C. Keith, Esq., director of the Union Steamship Co., Vancouver; G. W. De Beck, Esq., director of Golden Cache Mines; J. K. Seymour, Esq., wholesale and retail druggist, Vancouver.

The drawing will take place in Vancouver as soon as possible after the lots are sold, and the time and place of drawing will be advertised in the daily papers of Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and Nanaimo.

Further contemplating investing in Texada City property are advised to make early application for lots, so as to take advantage of the drawing for the hotel, which is limited to the first 500 paid-up purchasers only. For further particulars apply to the following agents:

PLAN OF SALE

A. ALLAYNE JONES

General Agent, 612 Hastings Street, Vancouver.

VICTORIA AGENTS: LEE & FRASER, 11 Trousseau Alley. BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO., 28 Broad St. A. W. MORE & CO., 86 Government St.

VANCOUVER AGENTS: C. S. DOUGLAS, 139 Cordova Street. D. F. DOUGLAS, Masonic Block. P. W. CHARLESON, 437 Hastings St.

CRUEL SCIATICA.

Incessant Pain—Tormented—Racked—Life Despaired of.

John Marshall, Varney, P.O., Co. of Grey, writes these strong words: "For two years I was completely laid up with sciatica. I doctored without any permanent relief. I had given up hope. A friend saw the notice of a cure of what seemed a parallel case to mine, by South American Rheumatic Cure, and knowing my little faith in the efficacy of any remedy, he procured a bottle himself and brought it to me. I took it, and to make a long story short, it saved my life. In a day or so I was out of bed, and in three days I was able to walk to Durban, a distance of four miles, to purchase another bottle. I am now entirely cured."

MODERN OPERA GLASSES.

The theatre-going young man and his tailor-made sister, to all appearances, carry no glasses at all, but when the act begins they pull from their pockets flat little envelopes of leather, not larger than would be needed to hold a medium-sized sheet of note paper. Here is of brown elephant's skin, edged with gold, and her initials set on at the point of the flap, her address across the front side.

His envelope is likely enough of sweet-smelling Russia leather, and both are lined with satin. Their contents prove to be nothing less than a pair of opera-glasses without barrels. The small and large lenses, framed in narrow rims of pearl, are hinged to what looks like a silver-gilt H, with a central bar. The central bar shows a wheel and numbered plate for fixing the focus, a short skeleton handle folds out from across the small lenses, and in a trice this ghost of a commonplace opera glass is fixed for use, and giving complete satisfaction. At the close of the play it is folded up, slipped into its envelope, and makes a pocket package not as bulky as a woman's purse minus its contents.

Just as convenient to carry, but not so light to hold, is the collapsible glass, which, on a central frame, draws out as long as a full binocular, or telescope into a handy pocket object, not more than an inch high. Nearly all these glasses are made of leather and aluminum, to insure perfect lightness when they are upheld. But for the woman who observes the stage from a box seat, this glittering metal is not quite luxurious enough.

Her glasses are mounted in tortoiseshell, cut very thick, to give the rich brown and yellow tones a more splendid glow. The long stick is elaborately carved and fastened to the outer side of one of the small, light barrels by a hinge, so that the little glass can be used as a lorgnon would be. The wives of millionaires have their tortoiseshell trifles elaborately banded with jewels and carry them in long, narrow satin bags that have gold gate tops and hook into the dress belt.

When no handle is used, the tiny, powerful glasses fit into cases of the most delicate wicker work, lined with satin, and prettily fastened with a silver-gilt padlock. So light and delicate is all this that the wearer carries it dangling from the neck by a long gilt or silver chain.—Boston Globe.

HOOD'S PILLS.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable and sure.

CHRISTIAN ENDORSEMENT.

For meeting of the Christian Endeavor Union at Tacoma, July 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th, steamer City of Kingston has made the low rate of one fare for round trip. For tickets call on E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

WEIGHTY BRIDES.

Throughout the empire of Morocco and in Tunis there are villages where the elder members of the adult population follow professionally the pursuit of fattening young ladies for the matrimonial market at Barbary. The Moore, like the Turks and other Orientals, give a decided preference to "moon-faced" wives over lean ones, and are more solicitous as to the number of pounds their brides weigh than about the stock of accomplishments they possess.

A girl is put under the process of fattening when she is about 12 years of age. Her hands are tied behind her and she is seated on a carpet during so many hours every day, while her "papa" stands over her with a matraque, or big stick, and her mother at times pops into her mouth a half of consomme, or stiff maize porridge, kneaded up with grease and just large enough to be swallowed without the patient choking.

If the unfortunate girl declines to be stuffed she is compelled, so that ere long the poor girl resigns herself to the torture and gulps down the boluses lest she should be beaten.

In Brazil corpulence is also considered the essential part of female beauty, and the greatest compliment that can be paid to a Brazilian lady is to tell her that she grows fatter and fairer every day.

For Bargains go to the Sterling, Yates street. Entire stock at clearing prices.

FOUR GENERATIONS HAVE USED "BABY'S OWN SOAP"

AND ITS SALE IS STEADILY INCREASING.

Have you tried it?

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Mfrs. Montreal.

AUCTION SALES.

ONLY CORNER AUCTION ROOM.

WILLIAM JONES

GENERAL AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION AGENT

133 GOVERNMENT ST., COR. PANDORA.

FURNITURE, FARM STOCK AND REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.

All goods sent for absolute sale will receive prompt and personal attention. Consignments solicited. Money to loan on real estate. Furniture bought for cash at any amount. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

AMUSEMENTS

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Tuesday, 6th July

THE "GREATEST EVER" AND ONE OF THE REAL ATTRACTIONS.

Chas. H. Yale's Mighty, Massive, Marvelous and Magnificent Spectacle, in three acts and eleven full stage scenes.

THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.

A Huge Dramatic, Pantomime, Ballet and Specialty Combination, including

60 - - PEOPLE - - 60

Every requisite for a Grand Performance carried in Special Railroad Cars. Sale of seats now open at Jamieson's. Prices, \$1.00 and 75 cents; gallery, 50c.

ICE

HYDROX

Nothing can be more chemically pure than the Ice and Hydrox manufactured by the

B. C. Cold Storage & Ice Works.

TELEPHONE 44.

PROTECT YOUR EYES.

From bright sunlight and dust, by wearing a pair of our Perfected Smoke Glasses. They are restful and soothing to sensitive and weak eyes. See our large stock of Binoculars, Field and Marine Glasses. See the largest stock of Miners' and Magnifying Glasses ever shown in this province.

F. W. NOLTE & CO. (OPTICIANS, 12 FORT ST.

VICTORIA METALLURGICAL WORKS

—AND—

ASSAY OFFICE,

43 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

W. J. R. GOWELL, B.A., F.C.S., MINING ENG'R

Sole Proprietor and Manager.

6 POUNDS OF STAMP MILL, 20 TONS PER DAY. CALCINATION PLANT, 2 TONS PER DAY.

Mining Claims Reported On

Victoria-Texada Mining Co., Ltd.

CAPITAL ONLY \$150,000. TREASURY, \$75,000.

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 25 BROAD STREET.

All surveyed Vendors' stock pools and not transferable. Price milling one of the finest quality. See samples at Company's office, or visit mines and forest. Positively no further liability, as Treasury Shares are 25c. per. Present price, 25c.

BEAUMONT BOGGS & CO.

Company's Brokers - - 25 Broad Street.

See our list of Hand Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Perfumes, etc. at the Victoria Dispensary, 100 Government street, near Yates street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Prov. clal News in a Condensed Form.

Smoke Bant's "Jubilee" and "M.B." Cigars.

Grand-Rapid and Gold Medal Carpet Sweepers at Weller Bros.

Remember the great Clearance Sale now going on at the Sterling, Yates street.

New goods, Keeler's marmalade and fine Canadian cheese. R. H. Jamison, 33 Fort street.

Notice is given in the Gazette of the winding up of the Anglo-American Gold and Platinum Mining Company and the Vancouver Biscuit Company.

The minister of agriculture has authorized the organization of a Farmers' Institute in the district of Richmond. The first meeting will be held in August.

At the last meeting of the Sir William Wallace Society candidates were nominated for officers for the ensuing year. The election takes place next Friday evening.

After spending several days under canvas at Langford Plains, the 2nd company of the Boys' Brigade today broke camp. They have been under command of Mr. William Leitch.

Mr. H. Wills has retired from the Recreation Publishing Company, and Western Recreation will hereafter be published by a company which Mr. C. H. Gibbons, at present editor and sole proprietor, proposes to organize.

All members are requested to be present at the next meeting of the Rathbone Sisters, Behnen Temple, No. 3, Wednesday, July 7th, as there will be elected the officers for the coming term.

Here are the latest subscriptions towards the fund for the Victorian Order of Nurses, making the total \$265.50. Belmont school, \$1; South Chilliwack, \$1.85; Armstrong public school, \$6.40; fifth and sixth divisions Wellington public school, \$1; Lae La Hache, \$3.85; Pavilion, \$5.15; East Chilliwack, \$2; Deep Creek, \$1.50; Similkameen, \$3; and Hall's Prairie district school, \$3.35.

A social dance will be given in the A.O.U.W. Hall on Friday, July 9th, by Hope Lodge, Degree of Honor. A large attendance is assured, as the tickets have been placed at a low price. Wolf's popular orchestra will supply the music. Members of the lodge are kindly requested to attend the meeting to be held on Thursday, July 8th, for the purpose of transacting important business.

Master Joseph Richards has distinguished himself in the Montreal public schools by leading his school in the high school entrance examination, winning the Governor-General's gold medal, a \$300 scholarship and ten first prizes. Master Richards is only eleven years of age, and is the youngest child to achieve this honor in Montreal. He was a pupil of the South Park school in this city from the time the school was organized until his family removed to Montreal.

Chas. H. Yale's production, "The Twelve Temptations," will be at the Victoria Theatre on Tuesday evening, July 6th, for one night only. Mr. Yale wrote the story of the play, dealing with love, often machinations, adventures at the North Pole in quest of wealth supposed to be buried there, pantomime and spoken fun—in fact, a good deal of everything the people have a liking for. The premieres dancers are Signorina Ferrero and Miss Basseggio. Italian ballet steps, while the grand ballets are under the direction of Signor Aurelio Cecchi. The specialty people are the Rosaries, in acrobatic feats; John Harty, in an exhibition of juggling; and Rose Keener in her laughable creation, "The Giddy Old Maid."

During June 1,577 books were issued from the public library, 784 to ladies and 793 to gentlemen. The greatest number taken out in one day was 121 and the average number 96. There were eighteen new members added to the list, 13 ladies and 5 gentlemen. The following new books were received from various donors: Florence Macarthy, (Lady Morgan); Night Thoughts, (Dr. Young); Bertie Danby's Training, (Emma Leslie); "My Desire," by the author of "Wide, Wide World"; John Hemline and Henry Conwell, Friends and Fellow Actors of Shakespeare; The Parisians, (Bulwer Lytton); A Book of Golden Deeds, (G. M. Young); and speeches in the house of commons at Ottawa, sent by Colonel Prior.

Awarded

Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free from Ammonia, Alkali or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

been preferred; and several others. The case is still going on.

The "Badminton," late Mayor House, Vancouver, under management of H. H. Stratton.

Most popular non-alcoholic beverage in the world—Kop's Cheer.

The court of revision did not sit this morning, an adjournment being taken until Monday.

A large assortment of English Rockingham tea pots at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

15 cent tea kettles, 15 cent dish pans and other cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

Prospectors' compasses, magnifying glasses and field glasses to be had from Henry Short & Sons, 72 Douglas street.

At the meeting of Victoria Camp No. 32, Woodmen of the World, arrangements were made for the quarterly concert, which is to be held on Monday evening, July 19th. Next month the camp will celebrate its second anniversary by holding a church parade. A sick fund has just been established in connection with the order.

General Roberts, U. S. consul, yesterday received word from the Washington government to have the remains of the late R. G. Penn, immigration commissioner, embalmed and forwarded to the home of the deceased at Danville, Virginia. The remains were sent this morning, Master Penn having come over from Vancouver to accompany them.

Frank J. Nicholson, B.A., of this city, won high honors at the recent examination at McGill University, Montreal. He won the prize for the highest aggregate in all subjects of the second year. Mr. Nicholson is the eldest son of Mr. Thomas Nicholson, formerly principal of the Victoria West school. After passing through the High School the young man went to Stanford University, where he obtained his degree, and then went to McGill.

Nothing so sets the blood tingling through men's veins as a contest of speed. It does not matter whether the contestants be men or animals. One will naturally take sides with some one of them, and his "side" is his own just as though he was himself one of those engaged in the struggle for supremacy. So it is that the hippodrome forms one of the most thrilling, generally exciting and principal features of the modern big tented amusement. Consequently Manager Main has paid special attention to this important department. There are races of all kinds, ancient and modern, between horses, men, animals, and when they are so terrific they are very funny.

Chong Cum, an expert canneryman, whose services are sought for by canners, has been contracting for engagements at more than one cannery and consequently has got into trouble. On Monday last he engaged to go to work at one of Robt. Ward & Company's canneries and got an advance of \$35, for which, however, the firm have security. Then a couple of days later he offered his services to Wing Cheong, who contracts to supply labor to the canneries, and he was accepted and an advance of \$25 given him. Wing Cheong yesterday heard of him. The previous engagement and had Chong Cum arrested for obtaining money under false pretences. The case was called this morning, but adjourned until Wednesday next.

There were about 300 excursionists on the steamer Islander when that steamer cast off from the wharf this morning. The excursionists were bound for Port Angeles, where to-day the eagle screams and the citizens of the little town at the other side of the straits are arrayed in holiday garb to celebrate the Fourth of July. There was no dearth of music on the steamer, for both the band of the Fifth Regiment and Wickens' juvenile orchestra accompanied in turn sweet music, which could not fail to charm every excursionist, even if he or she was somewhat disappointed because the sun was not shining in the manner that it ought to have on such an occasion. The Islander returned shortly before noon from the first trip and at 2 o'clock she left again for the territory of Uncle Sam with another large party of excursionists. She will return in time to make another trip with those whose business duties have deterred them from accompanying the former trips at 7 o'clock this evening. Returning she will leave Port Angeles at 9:30 p.m.

John Walters, a man of about 33 years of age, and who has been a resident of this city for the past eight or nine years, made an attempt to commit suicide yesterday afternoon at the outer wharf. Walters, after first filling his pockets with stones to act as ballast, jumped from the wharf into the straits. The sinkers did not seem to act, for although the unfortunate man was in the water for some time he was not able to accomplish his purpose. Finally Mr. David Green, who happened to be the would-be suicide floundering in the water, went to his aid, and after considerable exertion succeeded in dragging him from the waters which refused to engulf him. Walters, who was unharmed, came here from Ontario 8 or 9 years ago and followed the trade of carpentering. He seems to be mentally unbalanced and talks incoherently. To the police he said in explanation of his act that he was an outcast from society and had no work. He struggled when arrested by Provincial Officer McKenna and fought fiercely to prevent that officer taking him to the lock-up. Officer McKenna, however, has quite a little strength of his own, and there are few men who can resist him successfully. Walters was not one who could; and he was soon an occupant of a cell at the provincial police station. He will be examined by two physicians to-day, and should his mind be found unbalanced he will be sent to the New Westminster Asylum.

HOTEL DALLAS Recently Hotel—10 minutes' walk by electric cars from post office. Strictly first-class. Portage and baggage-man at every passenger and train. Wm. Jensen, proprietor.

Frank Yeigh, of Toronto, representing the Toronto Globe and "Travel and Recreation," is registered at the Grand.

Mason's Fruit Jars are the best. All sizes in stock at Weller Bros.

Cold, Rich, Delicious..

OUR ICE CREAM SODA. CONNOISSEURS SAY IT IS THE BEST IN THE CITY.

John Cochran, Chemist.

North-West Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SEALERS TO BE PAID

The Owners and Crews of the Schooners Ariel and Willie McGowan To Be Compensated.

Steamer Umatilla Takes a Very Large List of Passengers to San Francisco.

Collector of Customs Milne has been advised that the British ambassador at St. Petersburg is pressing the claims of the sealing schooners Willie McGowan and Ariel, and an early settlement is looked forward to in the matter, as it is understood that a Russian commission has been sent to the coast to investigate the claims of the schooners and that the owners and crews are entitled to compensation. The Willie McGowan and Ariel were two of the sealing fleet sailing from Victoria in 1902, and both vessels were seized during the month of July in that year, within ten days of each other by the Russian cruiser Zhabka, on the charge of being within the three-mile limit from the Copper Islands. The Ariel was seized on July 28th when 40 miles to the south-east of the islands, with 207 skins on board. She was taken by the cruiser to Petropavlovsk and afterwards to Vladivostok. She belonged to Victoria, and Henry Bishop was her registered owner. The Willie McGowan was seized on July 18th by the same cruiser and taken to the same ports. She had 86 skins on board. The Willie McGowan was owned at North Sydney, N. S., but sailed from Victoria. There were four other schooners seized that year, the Carmelite, of Victoria; the Maria, of Maitland, N. S., but sailing from Victoria; the Vancouver Belle, of Vancouver; and the Rosie Olsen, of Victoria. The first three named were condemned, but the latter was released and she brought the crew of the other schooners home to Victoria.

The steamer Umatilla leaves for San Francisco at 8 o'clock this evening. She carries, besides a large quantity of general freight for the Bay City, a long list of passengers. Among the passengers are a large number of delegates from the Christian Endeavor society in this city to the "Fifty-third" convention of that society which opens on July 7th, a day after the arrival of the Umatilla at San Francisco. The passengers going down are as follows: William Blair, J. A. McIntosh, R. Wilson, Mrs. G. Taylor, Mrs. Drysdale, Miss McLaren, Miss Campbell, Miss M. Wood, Miss H. Bowman, Miss Robertson, Miss Martin, Miss Elzy, W. Bailey, E. Knowlton, R. H. Campbell, Rev. C. L. Harris and Mrs. Harris, Miss Elwin, Miss Lord, Rev. D. McLaren, Miss L. Phair, H. J. Robertson, A. Gautier, W. E. Dadds, M. Phillips, Miss R. Pearson, C. Gossip, Miss M. Duncan, J. Boyle, J. Haggerty, T. Davidson, George Mercer, Mrs. J. White, Mrs. D. J. Douglas, Rev. W. Beattie, J. T. Tupper and E. A. Marslow. As this long list of passengers overtaxes the berth accommodation of the steamer, the ship's officers will furnish these with mattresses and bedding, and they may seek out the most comfortable corners they can find about the ship and there make their shakedown. Hammocks will also be swung at available points, and as far as possible everything will be done to alleviate the discomforts of those who are not fortunate enough to come early and secure berths. What with the inducement offered to visit the Golden Gate by the cheap rates now in vogue and the convention now being held there, the Pacific Coast Steamship Company is enjoying a large traffic.

The commanding officer of the British steamship Mogul, Captain W. H. Wright, whose steamer is now under charter by the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, reports to the Port Townsend Hydrographic office the discovery of a hitherto unknown shoal in latitude 48 degrees 46 min. N.; longitude 126 degrees 35 min. W. Captain Wright was steering for Cape Flattery on June 23rd in dull, misty weather when he located the shoal, which is of very coarse sand, and has about twenty-six fathoms of water on it. A second cast of the lead immediately after failed to find bottom at ninth-eight fathoms. The shoal is outside the 100 fathom line marked on the charts. It is located about 54 miles N.E. by E. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. from Cape Beale light and 72 miles E. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. from Tatoosh island light.

The steamer Brenmar, of the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, sailed from the Sound for the Orient this morning with a large cargo of flour and general merchandise. The steamer Tacoma, of

Mantello Carbonette FINISH \$4 per doz. CASH

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY AT SKENE LOWE'S STUDIO, 63 GOVERNMENT ST.

This is the first time that the above style and finish has been made at such a low price. Do not miss it. Come and see samples.

\$6.50 SERGE SUITS

A small price, but a big value. You'll wonder how such suits can be made for the money. The cloth alone looks to be worth it. Good all-wool serge, square and round corners, well made and lined with heavy black farmer's satin. Good, honest business suits that will give twice their price in actual wear. Money back if you want it.

Cameron,

The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

The same line, will sail to-morrow, calling at the outer wharf on her way outward to-morrow evening. She has a heavy cargo. The Mogul, another steamer of this line, is loading timber at the Port Gamble mills for Tientsin. The lumber is to be used in the building of the North China railway. The steamer Peking sailed from Yokohama on June 27th, and is expected here on July 12th.

The British barkentine Ensenada, which arrived in the Royal Roads yesterday evening, brought as a passenger from Honolulu the Chinese cook of the schooner Henrietta, which was seized some time ago at Honolulu on the charge of smuggling opium into the islands. The crew were all imprisoned, and saving the cook, who has completed his sentence, they are still doing time.

The steamer City of Puebla arrived yesterday afternoon at the outer wharf from San Francisco with 116 tons of general merchandise and other freight for the merchants of this city. She carried 202 passengers on her upward trip, 39 of whom were for Victoria, 102 for Seattle, 41 for Tacoma, and 20 for Port Townsend. The City of Puebla will return to San Francisco on Thursday next.

The British barkentine Ensenada, which arrived in the Royal Roads last night, sixteen days from Honolulu. She is awaiting orders.

PERSONAL

Lieut.-Gov. Dardney has left for the Interior.

R. O. Mather, of Fort Steele, is at the Oriental.

Mrs. L. Erb is back from a visit to California.

Dr. W. W. Walken, M.P.P., is down from Wellington.

S. Tingley, of the B. C. Express Co., Ashcroft, is at the Deland.

John Dougall and wife have returned from a visit to the Mainland.

W. Perkins, of the Bank of British Columbia, Nanaimo, is in the city.

Wm. Brown, of the Columbia House, Revelstoke, left for home to-day.

F. Devlin, Indian agent at New Westminster, is a guest at the Deland.

G. J. Van Nostrand and wife, of Toronto, are here on their way to California.

George Howe, of Union Bay, and D. Howes, of Terra Nova, are guests at the Oriental.

W. A. Lawson returned home last evening, after having spent the holidays in Vancouver.

H. J. Scott, of the Hamilton Powder Company, is back from a visit to the Kootenay country.

Dr. Taylor and wife, of Oakland, Cal., are here visiting Mrs. Taylor's sister, Mrs. (Capt.) Meyers.

E. J. Coyle, district passenger agent of the C.P.R., with headquarters at Vancouver, is at the Deland.

John T. Gilmartin, with H. S. Crocker & Co., San Francisco, and Mrs. Gilmartin, are guests at the Deland.

James Morrison, with Weller Bros., leaves this evening via San Francisco for the Eastern states, where he will spend a couple of months.

Miss Agnes Dawson has left for Hull, England, where she will spend the summer vacation, returning to resume her professional duties in September.

Rev. Mr. Tucker, of Christ Church, Vancouver, is in the city to conduct the services at St. Saviour's church to-morrow. Rev. Mr. Barber has gone to Vancouver to conduct the services there.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

When and Where Victorians Will Worship To-morrow.

Congregationalists meet for divine worship in Temperance Hall, Pandora avenue. Rev. P. U. L. Harris, pastor, will preach both morning and evening. Sacrament of the Lord's supper at the close of the morning service. Text for morning sermon, Acts 10, 14, 15. Subject for evening sermon, "Plain Living and High Thinking." Sunday school and Bible classes meet at 2:30 p.m., and Y. P. S.C.E. at 8:15.

Emmanuel Baptist Church—Morning, 11 a.m., Mr. W. Marchant will preach. Subject, "Neither America nor Ontario, nor Maritime Provinces, nor Great Britain; but ——" Evening, 7 p.m., Mr. J. Haynes. Subject, "Redemption."

Metropolitan Methodist Church—The pastor, Rev. J. C. Speer, will occupy the pulpit both morning and evening to-morrow. In the evening he will deliver a patriotic jubilee and confederation discourse.

St. Saviour's—Morning service, 11 a.m. Holy Communion after morning service. 3 p.m., children's service. 7 p.m., evening service. Rev. Mr. Tucker will conduct services.

Church of Our Lord, Reformed Episcopal—Dr. Wilson will preach in the morning on "How to Keep Sunday," and in the evening on "A Punishment Which is a Mercy."

Calvary Baptist Church—The pastor, Rev. Ralph W. Trotter, will preach morning and evening. Morning subject, "The Pastoral Office," evening subject, "The Two Gates and the Two Ways." The ordinance of baptism will be administered after the evening service.

Theological Society, 28 Broad street, Williams Building—Public lecture at 8:15 p.m., subject "Capital Punishment."

THE CITY HOUSE

★ Clearance Sale

WILL COMMENCE ON MONDAY, JULY 5.

Twelve Cases New and Seasonable Goods opened within the last thirty days, comprising Black and Fancy Silks, Silk Striped French Delaines, Henrietta Serges, Crepons, Drills, Prints, Lace Curtains, Linens, Sheetings, etc., will be included in this sale.

WM. WILSON & CO.,

78 GOVERNMENT STREET.

THE JUBILEE CELEBRATION

IS A THING OF THE PAST, BUT

JUBILEE

Clearance Sale

STILL CONTINUES

And we are still making further reductions in our entire stock. An early inspection will greatly benefit those who are looking for Real Bargains.

The Sterling, 88 Yates St.

Are You Interested

In Neat, Fashionable and Moderate-priced Footwear? If so, come and consult us—we've got it here in abundance. All colors, shapes, sizes and prices.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

You Can't Do Better

If you are in need of a New Suit, an Overcoat, a Pair of Trousers—or anything in the Merchant Tailoring line—you can't do better than see us. We carry a large, well-selected stock of the

most fashionable fabrics for gentlemen's wear, and our prices are satisfactory to our clients.

A. Gregg & Son,

Tailors. Yates St.

If You Desire Pure Preserves

Made from Select British Columbia Fruits and Sugars.

Ask for Okell & Morris.

THEY ONLY MAKE THE BEST.

BURIED THE WRONG CORPSE.

Fairplay describes the following as a true story: Late an English family had the misfortune to lose an aged aunt, who died in St. Petersburg. Arrangements were most carefully made and directions sent that the body should be forwarded to England to be interred in the family vault. In due time a magnificent coffin arrived, and before it was lowered to its last resting place it was opened for inspection. Much to the dismay of the family, instead of finding the

features and trait form of their beloved aunt, the corpse of a Russian officer, clothed in military garments and decorated with ribbons and medals, was disclosed to view. A frantic telegram was despatched to the Russian capital, in which the following answer was received: "Lady buried yesterday with full honors. Please keep the general."

Some pretty Wilkesbarre baskets at Weller's. Just a few of these useful articles.

LONDON'S RELIGIONS.

Some Curiosities of Creeds Found in the Great Metropolis.

In nothing do men differ so much as in their conception of the correct form of faith, and nowhere in the wide world is there such a collection of strange religions as in London. In the East End there are to be found at least two Chinese joss houses, where the worship of the pigtail can burn his incense stick, and thus work out his own salvation, and there is a Malayan temple in a by-way leading off St. George's street east, a thoroughfare once better known as Ratcliffe highway. The Mohammedan has his mosques in London and one at Woking, while there is a Mormon mission in Islington, just off Liverpool road. The Parsees, too, who worship the sun, though their opportunities must be somewhat limited in this country, have, or had, an upper room in Bloomsbury.

It is when one comes to Christianity that one finds such extraordinary diversity of opinions. According to the registrar-general's return there are no fewer than 300 sects in London, all professing Christianity, and all, doubtless, firmly convinced that their reading is the correct one.

One of the first sects to attract one's attention is that known as the outside world as the "Cokelets," or "Cokeles." This appellation is a nickname given to its adherents, either because they are total abstainers and drink cocoa or because they venerate a manuscript (source unknown), which they call the "Book of Cokelet," and which lays down certain rules for life and worship. In this latter case "Cokelet" must be a corruption of "Cokelet." The members of the sect, however, recognize no such name, but speak of themselves as "the Lord's people."

This body was founded in 1850 by William Sirgoud, a shoemaker in Walworth. Its headquarters are at Loxwood in Surrey, but it has meeting places in Walworth and Croydon. The "Cokelets" gather together each Sunday, and hold services which extend over many hours; they bring refreshments, and the eating of these forms a part of the service. At Loxwood the body has a co-operative shop and farm.

Another sect existing in London, which meets on Sundays and once or twice in the week, generally at private houses, is that known as the Shakers. The body is of American origin, and made its appearance in this country in the sixties. The movement took root in several parts of London, notably in the East End, and in the neighborhood of Battersea. About 1808 Mrs. Girding, who had preached herself into the position of high priestess of the body, hired some fields in New Forest, and there established a little community which, except as regards herself, was to have all things in common. But bad times fell on the New Forest settlement. It got behind with the rent; the tents and huts were not weather-proof, and finally Mrs. Girding fell ill and died. For some time the brethren refused to believe that their leader was dead, until the sanitary officers were compelled to take summary proceedings. To this day the faithful believe that she will rise again.

Another curious body of Christians are the Seventh Day Baptists. These good people believe Saturday is the day of the week that should be kept holy, not Sunday. They are now so few in number that they meet each "seventh day" (Saturday) at one another's houses, where they hold a service, which differs slightly from that which the orthodox Baptists hold on Sunday.

A body, the survival of which up to the present day is one of the marvels of religious history, is that of the followers of Joanna Southcott. This sect has still one place of meeting in London. Joanna Southcott was born in 1750, and, at first a domestic servant, she, according to her own account, began to receive revelations in the year 1792, and eight years later declared that these revelations were to be placed before her followers in the form of "prophecies." She accordingly published several thick volumes of these prophecies in 1801, 1802 and 1803. To him who fails to read them with the eye of faith they seem to be nothing but nonsense; this, however, was not the view in which Joanna's followers viewed them. Several clergymen were among her supporters, and she received large sums of money from the wealthy members of her congregations. To all donors of a certain sum Joanna gave certificates; so to speak, containing these words: "The sealed of the Lord—the Elect Precious Man's Redemption—To inherit the tree of life—To be made heirs of God and joint heirs of Jesus Christ." These documents are still highly valued by those fortunate enough to possess them.

There was a great revival among the Southcottians in 1855, when John Wroe, of Bowling, near Bradford, collected large sums of money, and built a house near his native place, at Wrenthorpe. This mansion, which was called Melbourne House, was intended for a community of Southcottians; but "Prophet" Wroe, perhaps, feeling the truth of the adage "Charity begins at home," bequeathed the property to a grandchild, and up to the present the sect has failed to gain possession of it. However, a fund is now being raised for a further attempt.

The Peculiar People form a sect whose teaching is comparatively well known, owing to the frequent appearance of the members in the police courts. They have a rooted objection to medical men, and refuse to adopt any material means for recovery from sickness, trusting for relief entirely to prayer. The Peculiar People are to be found in the far east of London on both sides of the Thames.

The Sandemanians are a sect descended from the Glasites, who separated from the Presbyterians in the early part of the eighteenth century. One of their meeting houses still exists in Barnsbury. They observe various primitive practices with great strictness—e.g., the weekly administration of the Lord's Supper, and a weekly offering; lovefeasts—the singing together at one another's houses between the morning and evening services; the abstinence from blood and from things strangled. They consider all such amusements unlawful as are connected with games of chance, believing that the lot is a sacred thing.

In looking through the registrar-general's return before referred to one cannot help being struck by the constant craving to make things better in this world. The founder of a new sect poses as a reformer, and adopts that word to describe his so-called fresh ideas—ideas

which, however, the history of religion shows are frequently as old as religion itself. The word "New" is also a great favorite. There are the "New Methodists," the "New Church," pure and simple, the "New Connection Wesleyans," and the "New Connection Baptists." "Free" is another popular word, for we have "Free Christians," "Free Catholic Christians," "Free Evangelical Christians," "Free Grace Gospel Christians," and many others.

WEALTH OF RUSSIAN ROYALTY.

The Russian imperial family is the richest in the world, according to a St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Times. Apart altogether from the civil list, which usually amounts to \$7,500,000 a year, but which may, of course, be increased by imperial order, the house of Romanoff owns 21,000,000 acres in different parts of Russia, which, under a system laid down under the reign of Emperor Paul, are managed by a special bureau called that of the Imperial Appanages, which is controlled by a minister, who reports to the Emperor alone, and takes no orders from the ministry of finance. The Ministry of Appanages now enjoys a revenue of more than \$10,000,000, out of which forty-six grand dukes and princesses are supported at an average cost in all of \$2,500,000, or \$55,000 a year per prince or princess. The remaining income is suffered to accumulate in order to meet the constantly increasing number of members of the imperial family, who are by no means always satisfied with their donations. The sums, though large, are not derived from taxation, and are probably less than those enjoyed by the Hapsburgs, who, as a corporation, are immensely wealthier, not to mention the large fortune of two or three branches of the family, or than those of the house of Orleans. The revenues of the Hohenzollerns exceed a million, and that of the house of Savoy is more than \$3,000,000 a year. The British house being among the greater sovereign houses by far the poorest. Fifty years ago the question of appanages was a serious embarrassment to the dynasties, and will lead to a great relaxation of the royal marriage laws.

MAKING A TOWN.

An engineer and some workmen have been busy for some months near the Arctic coast making a little town. They have not bothered their heads about the inhabitants, says the New York Sun, for the Russian government will see to that. Instead of a lot of persons settling in the same place and making a town, the town is being built and the residents will come later. The town has also been provided with a name before anybody lives in it. Its name is Jekaterinograd, and the most surprising thing about this town as yet is the name. There was nothing here a year ago to show that a white man had ever seen the site, but now it is beginning to look something like a town, needing only inhabitants to make it a go-ahead place.

The town is in the Bay of Kola, near the Arctic coast of Russian Lapland, a flat and uninteresting region, in a low part of which scarcely a shrub, much less a tree, will grow. In August last the Russian government sent to the site of the proposed town, which had already been selected, a civil engineer named Olsen, whose specialty is harbor improvements, and soon twenty men under his direction were hard at work building a couple of wharves out into the bay for the use of the fishing craft which will give the town all its importance. Last winter fifty wooden buildings were constructed at Archangelisk, on the other side of the White Sea. It is probable that the work is now going on of transporting them to the coast of the Arctic ocean, where they will be hammered together and set up for the people who are going to live in the new town, and as soon as everything is ready the town of Kola, farther south, will be transferred at the expense of Russia, and Jekaterinograd will be ready to begin business.

The thing that will make the town is the Arctic fisheries in the neighborhood, which employ about 1,500 men every summer. For the purpose of these hardy toilers the new town is much more conveniently situated than Kola, and that is the reason why Kola is to be deserted, and a new town has sprung up nearer the sea.

An Ontario Lady Had Her Hands Poisoned.

Ladies should remember that Diamond Dyes are the only pure, true and unadulterated dyes in the world. The imitation dyes sold under various names have built enough—but these dyes—the contents is composed of cheap and worthless ingredients most dangerous to use and handle.

Diamond Dyes, prepared according to scientific principles, are always the same in color and strength; these great advantages the women of Canada fully appreciate.

An Ontario lady, writing about Diamond Dyes says: "Your Diamond Dyes are the best I have ever used; they are quite harmless to work with and never irritate the skin. I had occasion to use a package of common, cheap dye that was sold to me as being equal to the 'Diamond,' but it proved a source of great trouble. After using it a severe rash appeared on my hands, showing it contained poisonous matter."

HEALTHY STOMACH.

Happy Man!—Nothing Experimental about the Best of Health—What It Has Done for Thousands It Can Do for You.

Here are Strong Words from a Reliable Business Man—Read Them.

I have been a great sufferer from indigestion and dyspepsia. I tried many remedies, but obtained very little relief. I saw South American Nervine advertised, and concluded to give it a trial, and I must say I consider it the very best medicine I have ever used. I obtained great relief from the first few doses. I have only used two bottles, and am happy to say it has made a new man of me. I strongly recommend it to fellow-sufferers. C. Pearce, dry goods merchant, Forest, Ont.

TRY Vanity Fair Cigarettes.

10c. PER PACKAGE.

W. S. KIMBALL & CO., Roche ter, N.Y.

17 First Prize Medals.

QUICKCURE



The Bicyclists' Lament.

He's a wise wheelman whose tool bag contains something besides medicine for a damaged machine. He is just as liable to puncture his own skin as to puncture his tire—more liable to bruise himself, than to break his wheel.

"Quickcure"

is the emergency cure for unexpected injuries. Lint for applying comes with every pot of Quickcure. Make your own plaster—lay it on the wound, Quickcure will do the rest—quickly, surely, painlessly.

At all druggists 25c., 50c. and \$1.00.

THE QUICKCURE COMPANY, LTD. QUEBEC, CAN.

QUICKCURE

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Premier (Enderby).....	\$5.50
Strong Baker's (O.K.).....	\$5.25
Lake of the Woods.....	\$4.00
Spokane.....	\$5.75
XXX.....	\$5.25
Leon.....	\$5.25
Three Star (Enderby).....	\$5.50
Salem.....	\$5.75
Leitch's Hungarian.....	\$6.00
Ogilvie's Hungarian.....	\$6.00
Wheat, per ton.....	\$35 to \$37.50
Barley, per ton.....	\$22 to \$24
Middling, per ton.....	\$20 to \$22
Bran, per ton.....	\$20 to \$22
Ground feed, per ton.....	\$26 to \$30
Corn, whole.....	\$25 to \$28
Corn, cracked.....	\$26 to \$29
Oatmeal, per 10 pounds.....	45 to 50c
Rolls oats, (Or. or N.W.).....	50c
Rolls oats, (B. & K.) 7lb. sacks.....	80c
Potatoes, per lb.....	14c to 15c
New potatoes, per lb.....	15c to 16c
Cabbage.....	24c to 3c
Carrots.....	10c to 12c
Hay, baled, per ton.....	\$15 to \$16
Strew, per bale.....	50c to 70c
Onions, per lb.....	3c to 4c
Bananas.....	25c to 30c
Lemons (California).....	25c to 30c
Apples, Tasmanian, per lb.....	8c
Oranges, St. Michaels (Cal).....	20c to 40c
Oranges, Cal seedlings.....	25c to 30c
Cherries, per lb.....	15c to 25c
Strawberries, per box.....	25c
Gooseberries, per lb.....	8c to 10c
Fish—salmon, per lb.....	10c to 12c
Halibut.....	10c to 12c
Fish—small.....	8c to 10c
Eggs, Island, fresh, per doz.....	20c to 25c
Eggs, Manitoba.....	15c
Butter, creamery, per lb.....	17c to 25c
Butter, Delta creamery, per lb.....	20c to 25c
Butter, fresh.....	20c to 25c
Cheese, Canadian.....	15c to 20c
Cheese, California.....	20c
Hams, American, per lb.....	18c to 15c
Hams, Canadian, per lb.....	15c to 18c
Bacon, American, per lb.....	15c to 18c
Bacon, rolled, per lb.....	12c to 15c
Bacon, long clear, per lb.....	12c to 15c
Bacon, Canadian, per lb.....	14c to 16c
Shoulders.....	14c to 16c
Lard.....	12c to 15c
Sides beef, per lb.....	9c to 10c
Meats—beef, per pound.....	10c to 15c
Veal.....	8c to 15c
Mutton, per pound.....	10c to 18c
Mutton, whole.....	9c to 14c
Pork, sides, fresh, per lb.....	9c
Pork, fresh, per lb.....	12c to 14c
Chickens, per pair.....	\$1.00 to \$1.50

Do not despair of curing your sick headache when you can easily obtain Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will effect a permanent cure. Their action is mild and natural.

Reasons Why Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the Best.

1. Because it affords almost instant relief in case of pains in the stomach, colic and cholera morbus.
2. Because it is the only remedy that never fails in the most severe cases of dysentery and diarrhoea.
3. Because it is the only remedy that will cure chronic diarrhoea.
4. Because it is the only remedy that will prevent bilious colic.
5. Because it is the only remedy that will cure epidemic dysentery.
6. Because it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon in cases of cholera infantum.
7. Because it is the most prompt and most reliable medicine in use for bowel complaints.
8. Because it produces no bad results.
9. Because it is pleasant and safe to take.
10. Because it has saved the lives of more people than any other medicine in the world.

For sale by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

Windsor Salt
For Table and Dairy, Purist and Best

HERE IS A KICK.

To the editor: I have been reading your excellent paper for a long time, and in the main I find it a very satisfactory newspaper, but here is one feature that aggravates me beyond measure and makes me swear (sometimes) that I will stop that sheet. The thing that I complain of is those reading notices, which begin with an interesting, new item and end up with "the best and most popular route between St. Paul and Chicago are the best dining car service in the world. Is via the Wisconsin Central line." The statement is truthful enough, and I suppose that J. G. Fogg, G.P.A., Milwaukee, Wis., or Geo. S. Batty, general agent, 240 Stark st., Portland, Ore., finds this a good way to meet and inform the travelling public of the advantages of travelling over their lines. Yours, truly,

TRANSPORTATION

QUICK TIME

KOOTENAY

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Passengers leaving Victoria daily (except Saturday) at 1 a.m., will make direct connections at Arrowhead with the magnificent steamer

"Nakusp" and "Kootenay"

for all Kootenay Points.
STR. "SLOCAN"

Now running daily between ROSEBERRY, SILVERTON and SLOCAN CITY.

For rates, maps and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Freight and Passenger Agent, corner Fort and Government streets, Victoria.

E. J. COYLE,
District Passenger Agent, Vancouver

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From All European Ports

FROM MONTREAL

Allan Line, Numidian.....July 17
Allan Line, Pargisland.....July 24
Dominion Line, Scotman.....July 17
Dominion Line, Labrador.....July 21
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg.....July 21
Beaver Line, Lake Huron.....July 28

FROM NEW YORK

Canard Line, Campana.....July 17
Canard Line, Aurora.....July 24
White Star Line, Adriatic.....July 21
White Star Line, Britannic.....July 28
Red Star Line, Berlin.....July 21
Red Star Line, Nordland.....July 28
American Line, New York.....July 21
Anchor Line, Furesa.....July 17
Anchor Line, Chronos.....July 24
North German Lloyd, Trav.....July 24
North German Lloyd, Spre.....July 24

For rates, berth, tickets, and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Cor. Fort and Government streets, Victoria, General Steamship Agency.

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN.

Monmouthshire... Due here June 18.

F. C. DAVIDGE & COY.

Agents North China Insurance Co., Ltd. (Marine)
Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,
IMPORTERS OF
Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise
Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

TRANSPORTATION.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

Time Table No. 29, Taking Effect December 24th, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 1 o'clock.
Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday at 12:15 o'clock or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 5 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.

For Pumper Pass, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pumper Pass, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this Company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month, at 8 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer, will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.
Steamer "Tees" leaves Victoria for Alaskan and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.
The Company reserves the right of changing this time table, at any time, without notice.

G. A. CARLETON, JNO. IRVING, General Agent, Manager.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

TO:
Spokane,
Holland,
Nelson,
Kaslo,
Saanichton,
Grand Forks,
Kettle River,
Trillon,
Butte,
St. Paul,
Chicago,
and all points East and South

FULLMAN SLEEPING CARS, ELEGANT DINING CARS, UPHOLSTERED TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

The Quickest All-Rail Route

ROSSLAND

KOOTENAI and KETTLE RIVER MINING DISTRICTS.

Only
22 HOURS TO SPOKANE
31 HOURS TO ROSSLAND
33 HOURS TO NELSON
36 HOURS TO KASLO and other points

Through tickets to Japan and China via the Northern Pacific Steamship Company. For full information, travel cards, maps, etc., call on or address

R. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHAILSON,
Asst. Gen. Passenger Agent,
225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

FOR—

Puget Sound Points.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER
"City of Kingston"

Speed 18 knots. Tonnage 1147.

3:30 am L.V. Victoria..... 11:00 ar 3:30 pm
11:30 am L.V. Tacoma..... 7:15 ar 11:30 pm
3:30 pm L.V. Seattle..... 2:15 ar 3:30 pm
4:15 pm L.V. Tacoma..... 11:15 ar 4:15 pm

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at..... 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at..... 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS.

Leave Victoria at..... 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at..... 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at..... 9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at..... 10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways

The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Rossland and Nelson. Also between Nelson and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave..... Arrive.....
9:00 a.m. Spokane..... 6:00 pm
10:00 a.m. Rossland..... 7:00 pm
8:10 a.m. Nelson..... 5:00 pm

"Uniontown" to Nelson with change for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake points. Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

FOR PUGET SOUND POINTS.

S.S. ROSALIE

Leave Victoria daily (except Sunday) at 8:00 a.m. returning Seattle daily (except Sunday) at 10:00 a.m. Farest.

TO PORT TOWNSEND..... \$1.50
TO SEATTLE..... 2.50
TO TACOMA..... 1.50
board at Seattle for breakfast, as steamer lies at her dock until 10:00 a.m., when she leaves for Victoria.

Round trip tickets at reduced rates. For tickets and information call on
J. E. DRYDEN, Agent,
75 Government St.

TRANSPORTATION.

Going to Chicago or Anywhere East?

If you are, see that your ticket from Minneapolis, St. Paul to Duluth reads via

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

(C. ST. P. M. & O. N.Y.)
Three (3) First-Class Trains Leave Minneapolis and St. Paul for Chicago on arrival of trains from Victoria, as follows:

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 a.m.; St. Paul 8:15 a.m. Daily. Badger State Express. Has Pullman Car to Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 9 p.m., Chicago 9:55 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 6:15 p.m.; St. Paul 6:55 p.m., except Sunday. Atlantic & Southern Express, has Wagner Buffet Sleeper and FREE Chair Car to Chicago. Arrive Chicago 8 p.m.

Leave Minneapolis 7:30 p.m.; St. Paul 8:10 p.m. Daily. Famous Northwestern Limited. Has Wagner Private Compartment and Sixteen Section Sleepers and Buffet Smoking Library Coaches to Chicago. Sleeper to Milwaukee. Breakfast in Dining Car before reaching Chicago. Arrive Milwaukee 7:50 a.m.; Chicago 9:20 a.m.

For Illustrated Folder FREE descriptive of Splendid Train Service via This Line, to Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Duluth, Ashland, as well as to Milwaukee and Chicago. Call on your Home Agent or A.A. agent.

T. W. TEASDALE, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

W. H. MEAD, General Agent, 263 Washington Street, Portland, Ore.
F. W. PARKER, Commercial Agent, 605 First Avenue Seattle.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

S.S. "CITY OF NANAIMO"

W. D. OWEN, Master.
Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order:

Lv. Victoria..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo, Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.
For freight or stowage apply on board or at the company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store street.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 28.
To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, March 29th, 1897.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time

GOING NORTH.

	Daily	Saturday and Sunday
Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington.....	8:00	7:25
Ar. Nanaimo.....	11:45	7:25
Ar. Wellington.....	12:15	7:45

British Columbia.

MIDWAY.

The many friends throughout the district of Mr. G. M. McMillan will be pleased to hear that he has been reinstated as chief constable at Midway.

The largest dairy in this district is that of Mr. Tedrow, located on Anahist mountain. This dairy consists of over 30 cows, the product of which finds a ready market in the camps and towns of the district.

Jimmy Hunter's claim, which is recognized as being one of the best yet discovered on the Similkameen, has been bonded for a period of six months to Messrs. Douglas and Thompson, of Midway. The bonding consideration has not yet been made public.

It is reported that a very rich strike has been made in Summit Camp by Kehoe Bros., who have been fortunate enough to uncover an immense ledge of copper ore.

There are on a claim recently located there by them. It is said the ledge is 30 feet wide, and carries a high percentage of copper. Almost as soon as the ore body was revealed an option was given extending over only a short time, the purchasing consideration named in the option being \$50,000.

VERNON.

Vernon News.

Philip Spicer, who has been prospecting in the neighborhood of Monashee mountains and the Cherry Creek pinnacles, came in this week bringing with him some very fine specimens of rock.

Three cars of machinery for Messrs. Dier, Davidson & Russell, of the Tin Horn Mining Company, Fairview, passed through on Monday, making in all thirteen cars which have been forwarded to this company during the past few days.

In response to the telegram from the board of trade urging upon the Dominion government the necessity of aiding in the construction of the Penticton-Columbia railway, R. J. Davies, secretary of the board, has received a reply by wire from Hewitt Bosfock, M.P., to the effect that nothing could be done this session.

We learn that in a letter to F. A. Meyer, Captain Molyneux, the purchaser of the Monashee mines, states that he will leave England for this city early in August and will at once start work on the mines.

Farmers and others interested should not forget that the dates fixed for the fall show this year are the 29th and 30th of September. Plenty of hard and united work will be required to make the exhibition a success, and we trust that all will use their utmost efforts to this end.

The creamery project is not dead by any means, although little is heard of it these days. The directors have held more than one meeting and have all their arrangements well under way. They have, as before intimated, secured the building known as the jam factory, which will be altered and arranged so as to render it suitable for creamery purposes.

A total of \$250 per year is to be paid for this building. A sufficient amount of money has not yet been obtained from the subscribers to enable the directors to purchase the required machinery, but they hope to have the matter in better shape at an early date. It is probably too late now to get the institution started this year, but the promoters feel confident that everything will be in working order early next spring.

GREENWOOD CITY.

Greenwood, June 29.—If the influx of expert mining men and the representatives of capital is any index of the opinion held regarding the future of a mining district, the citizens of Greenwood should not be disappointed over any disappointing railway news. Probably this week furnished a larger quota of visitors than did any other since Boundary Creek became known as a mining district.

Nearly every day's stages brought one or more prominent mining men, whose object is to acquire property for themselves or their principals. Such experienced mining men as Mr. Lancaster Hobbs, of the Hall Mines Exploration Company; Dr. Powell, of Victoria; and Mr. A. H. Woodhouse, each representing an English syndicate, do not spend time in a district unless they feel assured that it has a future before it. Deals are being negotiated, and one which will be sure to bring considerable capital into the district has been closed.

Mr. Woodhouse, who is a mining expert of long experience, and who represents an English syndicate, has closed with Mr. E. A. Bielenburg an agreement by which his syndicate are to develop and secure an interest in the Anaconda group of claims, located in Deadwood camp. They are situated about three and a half miles from Greenwood, on the west slope of Boundary Creek. The group includes the Anaconda, Kootenay and Columbia claims. While the terms of the agreement will not be made public for some time, it is learned from a reliable source that the syndicate secures a half interest in this very promising group by making a large cash payment to Mr. Bielenburg, and by completing a stipulated amount of development work, one condition being that the syndicate must begin active and continuous work on the property as soon as the papers are signed, and expend at least \$1,000 each month until the stipulated amount of work is completed, when, if the company consider the property justifies the expenditure, a further payment is to be made to Mr. Bielenburg.

This agreement should not only be a very advantageous one for Mr. Bielenburg, but for the whole district, as it secures the expenditure of considerable money here, and what is more important, ensures the development of promising property in the district.

The Anaconda group is favorably located. The claims are immediately north of the Great Hone and Marquette and northeast of the Sunset and the Mother Lode. The G. A. R. claim, of the Boundary Creek Mining and Milling Company, adjoins the Anaconda. These claims were located by Mr. Bielenburg some two years ago, and he expended about \$750 in development work, with the result that on the Anaconda an enormous vein of copper ore has been uncovered, being over 100 feet in width and measuring the whole length of the claim, 1,500 feet. The various outcrops of this vein have been thoroughly tested, an average assay from the whole

property being more than satisfactory. On the Kootenay are three distinct bodies of sulphides from three to four feet wide, and assaying from \$2.06 to \$37.50. On the Columbia only one lead has been uncovered, leaving exposed about four feet of solid sulphide ore, assaying \$10.55.

The work to be undertaken by the syndicate consists chiefly of tunneling on the Anaconda and Kootenay and sinking on the Columbia.

ROSSLAND.

Rossland Miner.

The Le Roi made a record yesterday. During the twenty-four hours ending last evening there were shipped from the mine over the Red Mountain and Columbian & Western railways no less than 470 tons of ore, and there were still left in the ore bins over 200 tons. There is no doubt the Le Roi will before long be making daily shipments of an equal amount to that forwarded yesterday.

J. L. Parker arrived last evening from Ymir. He has been directing the installation of the Dunsmuir's new plant and reports that the shaft has been cleaned and a steam drill put to work in the bottom. This is the first machinery plant to be put on to any mine in the Salmon river district.

The Coolgardie Pioneer of May 1 gives an account of a far-west banquet and address to G. R. Pearby, one of the most prominent mining engineers of Western Australia, on the eve of his departure for Rossland via London and Paris.

The Kootenay-London company yesterday resumed work on the Comet No. 2. It claims to be about three miles north of Rossland and adjoining the U. S. & B. C. group on the north. A. J. McMillan placed a large block of the treasury stock of this company while in London, and the company is now in excellent financial shape. A crown grant for the Comet No. 2 will be at once applied for.

NELSON.

Nelson, July 2.—George Armstrong, warden of the Westminster jail, left here this evening with the condemned murderer Woods and some other prisoners. Woods is taking things quietly. A look at the pistol which he snatched a number of times at the constable's stomach shows what a narrow escape McKinnon had. It seems that Woods, in testing the pistol shortly after his escape, supposed off the point of the hammer which strikes the cap, but did not notice the defect till it saved McKinnon's life.

Supt. Hussey has to-day placed McKinnon in charge of the police affairs at Nelson and dismissed the two men responsible for Woods' escape.

The assizes are now over. J. J. Judge Walker will stay to dispose of several civil cases. Mr. A. G. Smith and Mr. Hussey left for home to-day.

The smelter returns of the shipment of ore from the Athabasca mine have been received and give a value of \$76 per ton in silver and gold. The ore is improving steadily and the men working in the mine are elated over the manner in which the property is showing up. More cabins are being built and a large force of men will be added at once.

The Mile Point mine at Anasworth will be shipping very soon, and as the British Canadian Gold Fields owns the three properties referred to it will have three shippers in the very near future.

Three sets of plans and specifications of the water and sewage system of Nelson have been submitted to the city council. The water system will be gravity and the impounding reservoir will hold over 1,000,000 gallons. Work will probably be commenced on it as soon as the preliminaries are arranged.

This Hot Weather

You Are Physically and Mentally Exhausted.

Paine's Celery Compound Is the Great Builder and Recuperator.

As a rule there is no pain following physical and mental exhaustion and debility. You know that you are weak, faint, languid, have a loss of memory, depression of spirits, with a wasting of flesh. Your troubles proceed simply from nervous exhaustion, and though you are not suffering pain and agony, be assured your condition is extremely perilous, and demands immediate attention. That wonderful stream, (the blood) that runs to every part of the body, supplying the most minute nerves and tissues, is foul and poisoned. In your present condition your blood is not a life-stream; it is a stagnant pool of disease and death.

The healthy, hale and strong, that bear up during the hottest weather, and that are blessed with clean, pure blood and steady nerves, are the people who make use of Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine that re-vitalizes the blood, that fortifies the nervous system, that gives perfect digestive power, sound sleep and a new lease of life to those advanced in years.

Paine's Celery Compound is truly the great modern elixir of life, and no wonder that doctors approve of it and strongly recommend it.

Who are in wretchedness and misery, who are such a medicine promising health, vigor and new life? We recommend you no untried remedy. Every bottle of Paine's Celery Compound is warranted to do the work it promises. There is health and life in every drop.

Dyspepsia in its worst form, will yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills, aided by Carter's Little Liver Pills. They will not only relieve present distress, but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The reliable signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

The first of these Monthly Competitions, for the Province of British Columbia, will commence January 1st, 1897, and will be continued each month during 1897.

BICYCLES AND **WATCHES**.. **SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS**.....
12 STEARNS' BICYCLES
12 GOLD WATCHES
Will be given during 1897, one Bicycle and one Watch each month, as follows:—

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM.
Competitors to save as many "Sunlight Soap Wrappers" as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper, and paste that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP WRAPPERS" on a sheet of paper on which the competitor has written his or her full name and address, and the number of Coupons sent in, postage paid, to Messrs. TEEB & FRISSE, Winnipeg.

The Bicycles are the celebrated Stearns' manufactured by E. C. Stearns & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., and Toronto, Ont. Each wheel is guaranteed by the makers and has complete attachments. This Competition is authorized by Messrs. Lever Brothers, Ltd., Proprietors of "Sunlight Soap."

C. R. KING, Manufacturers' Agent, Victoria, B.C., Representing Lever Bros., Ltd., Toronto.

Cooling Fruit is wholesome to eat and the juice of ripe fruit is the best summer beverage—"MONTERRAT" is the pure juice of ripe Limes, especially cultivated for this purpose on the island of Montserrat. Taken with plain or aerated water it is a wholesome temperance drink. Try a dash of MONTERRAT with Claret and Soda or with any spirituous drink.

If a Lime Juice Cordial is desired the finest on the market is "Limetta" Cordial.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD Are Fixed Upon South American Nervine.

Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES

A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.



In the matter of good health temporary measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, bracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the seat of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring. The eyes of the world are literally fixed on South American Nervine. They are not viewing it as a nine-days' wonder, but critical and experienced men have been studying this medicine for years, with the one result—they have found that this compound—perfectly curative qualities cannot be gained. The great discoverer of this medicine was possessed of the knowledge that the seat of all disease is the nerve centres, situated at the base of the brain. In this belief he had the best scientists and medical men of the world occupying exactly the same premises. Indeed, the ordinary layman recognized this principle long ago. Everyone knows that all disease or injury affect this part of the human system and death is almost certain. Injure the spinal cord, which is the medium of these nerve centres, and paralysis is sure to follow. Here is the first principle. The trouble with medical treatment generally, and with nearly all medicines, is that they aim simply to treat the organ that may be diseased. South American Nervine passes by the organs, and immediately applies its curative powers to the nerve centres, from which the organs of the body receive their supply of nerve fluid. The nerve centres healed, and of necessity the organs which have shown the outward evidence of derangement is healed. Indigestion, nervousness, impoverished blood, liver complaint, all owe their origin to a derangement of the nerve centres. Thousands, here, residents of this city have been cured of these troubles, even when they have become so desperate as to baffie the skill of the most eminent physicians, because South American Nervine has gone to headquarters and cured there. The eyes of the world have not been disappointed in the inquiry into the success of South American Nervine. Possible marvel, it is true, at its wonderful medical qualities, but they know beyond all question that it does everything that is claimed for it. It stands alone as the one great certain curing remedy of the nineteenth century. Why should anyone suffer distress and sickness while this remedy is practically at their hands?

FOR SALE BY DEAN & HISCOCKS and HALL & CO

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FLETCHER IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

900 DROPS
CASTORIA

Acceptable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS, CHILDREN.

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Castoria is put up in one-ounce bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

Clean! Truthful! Wideawake!

— THE —

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aily and Twice-a-Week.

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Twice-a-Week Times

Mailed to any address in Canada, United States or Newfoundland at \$1.50 per annum; other countries \$2.50 per annum.

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ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all acid and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

YACHTING.

THE WIND STOPPED THEM.
That the Bellingham Bay Yacht Club would like to see a large representation of Victoria yachts at the annual meet of the Northwest Yachmen's Association, which was to have been held today, is shown by the fact that several of the Victoria yachts have postponed the meet, and this morning when the secretary of the local yacht club of the fact. The telegram reads: "Races postponed until you come." The Victoria yachts, sailing the Adriatic, which left here yesterday afternoon and arrived yesterday evening, in tow of the steamer Mischief, but owing to the heavy gale of wind blowing the idea of going was abandoned. The Victoria Yacht Club will be represented only by the two yachts which are already there, as the yachtsmen having altered their plans have decided that it is now too late to make another change.

THE WHEEL.

RACES AT VANCOUVER.
The result of the bicycle races at Vancouver yesterday was as follows:
Novice—McCormick, 247.
Half mile, professional—J. Sharick, Tacoma, 1st; Star, Portland, 2nd.
Half mile, open—Fowler 1st, Hunter 2nd.
Mile, open, professional—J. Sharick, 1st; G. Sharick, 2nd.
Mile, handicap, amateur—Hunter 1st, Fowler 2nd.
Three mile lap—J. Sharick 1st, G. Freeman 2nd.
Two mile lap—W. Hunter 1st.
Two mile, professional—Freeman, San Francisco, 1st; J. Sharick, 2nd.
Two mile, handicap, amateur—McCormick 1st.

LACROSSE.

BY SEVEN TO ONE.
That Vancouver has by far the best lacrosse team in the British Columbia league was shown yesterday, when they by seven games to one defeated New Westminster, who had the day before defeated Victoria by four to nil. The match was played on the Cambie street grounds.

THREE FIRES.

The Department had a very busy time early this morning.

Three fire alarms within one hour kept the city firemen both anxious and busy this morning. Shortly after midnight a frame residence on the Burnside Road, outside the city limits, burned to the ground. A family named Kelly owned and occupied the building, which was insured in the Union Company, Mann, Holland & Co., agents, for \$300. A lamp explosion was the cause of the fire. The second call was for a chimney fire in Chinatown. As both alarms were what are termed "stills," the apparatus was kept ready awaiting a call from the chief. The distance from the fire stations of the first fire, and the insignificance of the second, were reasons for refraining from taking the firemen out, but the fates willed that the men should give up their sleep, as box 61 was turned in shortly after 1 o'clock. A fierce fire, undoubtedly caused by an incendiary, was raging at the Star shipyard, on the Indian reserve. A large workshop, containing six sealing boats, with a large quantity of tools, and an adjoining residence were entirely consumed, and the firemen had a very busy time saving a partially built schooner belonging to Mr. Munroe and the schooner in the harbor, the rigging of which was on fire several times. A hose company was placed on Work street to prevent the sparks, which were flying thickly from setting fire to the buildings in that vicinity. As the engine could not be taken into the shipyard, 2,400 feet of hose was laid from a hydrant on Cathlamet street. The loss will amount to \$1,000, with no insurance. The property was owned by Mrs. J. C. Bales and rented by Mr. Truhey. There had been no one on the premises for several days, which bears out the theory of incendiary.

MISS MILLER DEAD.

Thought to Have Contracted Fever on the Atlantic Voyage.

Southampton, July 2.—Miss Ellen Miller, only daughter of Rear-Admiral Miller, U.S.N., died in London this morning. Miss Miller had been sick ever since she landed, and is believed to have contracted typhoid fever while on the voyage across the Atlantic.

Very close, mothers and daughters—three nurses, waitresses and help—three women of all classes should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is the kind they need to give pure blood, firm nerves, buoyant spirits, and refreshing sleep. There is no tonic equal to Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

GOSSIP OF LONDON

The Metropolis Doffing Her Holiday Dress—A General Exodus of Visitors.

Mr. Chamberlain's Ill Luck—Londoners Laughing at Stories Regarding Queen's Health.

London, July 3.—The Jubilee functions are ended, and London is reluctantly doffing its holiday garb. But undressing apparently takes as long as dressing. Carpenters are still slowly tearing down stands. Most of the princes and special envoys have departed. The familiar belief in "Queen's weather," which has become a fixed superstition, is almost justified by the remarkable weather which greeted every public appearance of Her Majesty, and the surprising feature is that since the beginning of the festivities, there have been many rainy days between them.

General Nelson A. Miles, U.S.A., has been a rather embarrassing element to the British government, as he insisted upon taking more than they intended him to do. The government provided rooms, servants and carriages at the Hotel Alexandra for Rear-Admiral J. N. Miller, U.S.N., and General Miles. But the invitation was not extended to their wives. General Miles arrived first with his wife and occupied both rooms, leaving Admiral Miller the room which the court officials intended for the servants accompanying the two officers. Admiral Miller thereupon declined to remain at the hotel, and repaired to the lodgings where his family was installed. The court officials were greatly distressed, and wished to take a suite of rooms at the Victoria hotel for Admiral Miller, but the latter declined. The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, provided royalty with a new sensation on Wednesday. With an overwhelming social show, Mr. Chamberlain took the late Sir Julian Goldschmidt's big house at Piccadilly and invited 2,000 guests to the banquet and reception following it, all of whom apparently accepted, resulting in the greatest crush that London remembers. The sudden bringing of eight or nine hundred carriages into Piccadilly quite upset the police and made an interminable jam, in the midst of which the Prince and Princess of Wales drove up St. James street. The Prince, finding the police unable to clear the way, ordered his coachman to drive back to Marlborough House, and for the first time in their lives their Highness progress to honor a commoner was barred.

A curious fact is that the London Jubilee play bill was a distinctly foreign one. The Lyceum's attraction was and is Sardou's "Madame Sans Gene." At Haymarket, after Theodore Pantier's "Gringore," we are having to-night "Donna" "Mille de Belle Isle." Beauchamp Tree will impersonate Richelieu, the great cardinal, but the duke, the man of gallantry and amorous adventures.

Last Monday the colonial premiers, their families and suites attended, by invitation, Sir Henry Irving's performance at the Lyceum. After the performance Sir Henry held a reception on the stage in honor of his guests, who numbered about fifty.

To-night a similar function takes place at Her Majesty's theatre, where the same distinguished colonials will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Beauchamp Tree. The guests will occupy all the boxes and two rows of stalls, and at the conclusion of "The Red Lamp" will be entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Tree on the stage.

There seems little doubt but that Nicoll, the husband of Madame Patti, is dying. He is suffering from Bright's disease, complicated with other disorders. Within the past few months eleven doctors have been at the castle consulting in regard to the case. Madame Patti made great preparations for entertaining this summer, but all the guests, including the Princess of Monaco, have been put off.

Dr. M. E. L. Goldkin, editor of the Evening Post, New York, has taken a house near Sheep for the season.

The sensational stories circulated by a New York newspaper regarding Queen Victoria's alleged blindness and her alleged intention to abdicate in favor of the Prince of Wales, after the Jubilee festivities, which have just reached here by mail, are exciting great derision among the few newspapers which dared to notice the cruel and utterly unfounded reports. Truth, referring to the abdication "sensation," says: "This very, very ancient flim-flam has been imposed upon credulous prints at regular intervals during the last thirty-four years. The Queen has no more idea of abdicating than she has of touring Central Africa."

Regarding the sensation, cruelly engineered by New York newspapers, on the subject of the Queen's eyesight, a high official, who is in daily contact with the Queen, informs the Associated Press that the statement to the effect that Queen Victoria is almost totally blind, is "an absolute untruth." He adds: "For some years past Her Majesty's eyesight has been slowly failing, it is natural at her time of life, but it is more difficult for her to read fine writing and fine print than was formerly the case, but Her Majesty still reads through two-thirds of all the documents sent her, indeed, no later than yesterday she read through several official communications and annotated them with her views."

Inside the house the crush was terrible. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain vainly tried to edge their way to the foot of the stairs in order to receive the Prince and Princess of Wales, and Mrs. Chamberlain's chagrin at the failure of the Prince and Princess of Wales to arrive was very evident, and made worse by the condolences of the many present, who, wishing to go on to the reception of the Earl and Countess of Derby, were absolutely unable to leave the premises, as the continued arrivals for a long time prevented ingress and egress. Hundreds were unable to get in at all, and the Duke and Duchess of York were obliged to make their exit

by way of the kitchen and steps. The fiasco is the talk of the town, and many bitter remarks are circulating in society. Old Tories are delighted at what they call "Chamberlain's bad breeding," and "want of taste," etc., and predictions that the Prince and Princess of Wales will never again accept their invitation.

The United States and Canadian bishops are being royally entertained everywhere. Every bishop has more invitations of hospitality than he can accept, and the same is the case with invitations to preach. The Archbishop of Canterbury received them all most cordially and influences by the wholesale, as reported in the press, are being brought to bear in favor of the Archbishop of Canterbury's great scheme to obtain the adhesion of all colonials, and all American bishops, to such an acknowledgment of the Archbishop of Canterbury's leadership of the Church of England and the offshoots as to practically permit him, in a large measure, to control the internal affairs of such churches. The idea finds but little favor with the United States bishops, but some of the colonial bishops warmly advocate it. The question is probably too broad a one to be decided offhand.

HOSE CONTEST.

Nanaimo Won at Seattle. Although Victoria Ran Faster.

There were but two entries for the hose contest at Seattle yesterday, Victoria and Nanaimo teams of twelve men each. Seattle did not enter, because they were not trained up, having had but a few days' notice. Nanaimo won the contest through failure of the Victoria nozzleman to get the nozzle on—in fact, the coupling had not been broken when the water came on.

The contest took place on Pike street, the dash being 400 feet to the hydrant at Fourth avenue and Pike street, lay 200 feet of hose, break coupling and get water, time to be called when water appears at the pipe. Capt. Corfee acted as master of ceremonies.

Two trials were entered, and in both Nanaimo scored, while Victoria scarcely made the connection in time. The pressure was 72.5 pounds, standing, and Chief Kellogg warned the visitors to make their calculations accordingly.

The judges and timekeepers were Alvin Grege, Fiske, Taylor, Noble and Shute.

Victoria went first to the scratch. Her time was magnificent, the dash being made in 32.4 seconds. The crowd was so impatient to see that it was almost impossible to keep a space cleared, and when the "break coupling" was attempted the crowd was more dense about the nozzleman than anywhere else. The water came with a big spurt and struck the crowd fair, deluging hundreds of them and even wetting the judges and timekeepers.

Nanaimo's time was 10 seconds longer, the connection was properly made, and the award was made to them. The prize was \$200.

ENOUGH CHALK FOR ALL TIME.
The small piece of chalk which is in constant use in the school room, the lecture room, the billiard room, and the workshop has a strange history, the unravelling of which through all its complexities is one of the most difficult problems with which the science of the present day is called upon to deal, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. This piece is in reality a chip of an immense block of chalk that once filled an area the size of the continent of Europe, and of which even yet several gigantic fragments remain, each hundreds of square miles in extent. These patches are scattered over the region lying between Ireland on the west and China on the east, and extending in the other direction from Sweden in the north to Portugal in the south.

In the British Isles the chalk is found in greatest perfection and continuity in the east and southeast of England. A sheet of chalk more than 1,000 feet in thickness underlies all that portion of England which is situated to the southwest of a line crossing the island diagonally from the North Sea at Flamborough head to the coast on the English channel in Dorset. This enormous sheet of chalk is tilted up slightly on the west, and its depressed eastern portions that dip toward the waters of the North Sea are usually buried from sight by means of overlying sands and clays. Where the edges of the chalk come up, upon the sea, the cliff scenery is strikingly grand and beautiful. Anyone who has once seen the magnificent rocks of Flamborough and Beeby head, the jagged stacks of the Needles or the dizzy mass of Shakespeare's cliff, near Dover, can understand why "the white cliffs of Albion" has grown into a stock phrase.

This massive sheet of chalk appears again in France, in many other parts of Europe as far east as the Caucasus, and even in Central Asia, beyond the Sea of Aral. How far it stretched westward into what is now the Atlantic may never be known, but chalk cliffs of at least 200 feet in thickness are seen at Antrim, in Ireland, and less conspicuous formations are found in Scotland, in Argyle and Aberdeen. There can be little question that all these now isolated patches were once connected in a continuous mass, which must, therefore, have occupied a superficial area about 3,000 miles long by nearly 1,000 broad, an extent larger than that of the present continent of Europe.

"FELL DEAD."
What More Every-day Heading Do You Head to, This Paper Than That? They Are Legion.

Don't daily with heart disorders. There is but one cure. "I had been for a number of years sorely afflicted with heart disease. At times my life was despaired of. Doctors had prescribed and I had taken every heart remedy made, I had supposed, and did not get any benefit. I read the wonderful cure wrought by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I procured a bottle, and in less time almost than it takes to tell it, the distress was relieved. I followed the directions closely, and to-day I am a well woman again, and I shall do all in my power to make known to every one suffering as I did, the wonderful cure it worked for me. Mrs. Wm. Burton, Dartmouth, Ont."

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Very small; very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging. Try them.

The Same... Old Sarsaparilla.

That's Ayer's. The same old sarsaparilla as it was made and sold by Dr. J. C. Ayer 50 years ago. In the laboratory it is different. These modern appliances lend speed to skill and experience. But the sarsaparilla is the same old sarsaparilla that made the record—50 years of cures. Why don't we better it? Well, we're much in the condition of the Bishop and the raspberry: "Doubtless," he said, "God might have made a better berry. But doubtless, also, He never did." Why don't we better the sarsaparilla? We can't. We are using the same old plant that cured the Indians and the Spaniards. It has not been bettered. And since we make sarsaparilla compound out of sarsaparilla plant, we see no way of improvement. Of course, if we were making some secret chemical compound we might. But we're not. We're making the same old sarsaparilla to cure the same old diseases. You can tell it's the same old sarsaparilla because it works the same old cures. It's the sovereign blood purifier, and—It's Ayer's.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs. Balfour and mother, A. Gossman and wife, W. Shulte, F. D. Seymour, Mrs. George H. Magnum, Wm. Daly, A. D. Wilkey, J. V. Cunningham, P. J. Henderson, M. Nason, W. Farral, J. Hanley, P. J. Rourke, Jno. Rall, W. Browne.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J. W. Barber, Mrs. Barber, G. H. Hasell, Mrs. Hasell, R. D. Mother, Mrs. Mother, E. J. Cople, W. Morris, D. Rowan, F. V. Austin, W. A. Lawson, G. Howe, Rev. W. Tucker and wife, Mrs. Taylor, Miss Kilwin, Rev. H. J. Robertson, T. Davidson, Wm. Gailley, Frank Yell and wife, Miss Blackwood, Thos. Benson, M. Trusdale, W. H. Pein, P. Devlin, J. T. Tupper, E. A. Marsden, Miss Bailey, R. H. Campbell, T. G. Barnes, W. G. Rodds, W. Bailey, A. Sullivan, E. Knosston, Mrs. Douglas, Miss MacLaren, Miss Wood, Mrs. Blair, Miss LePage, Mrs. Drysdale, W. Sheppard, Geo. Merder, F. W. Evans, Mrs. Evans, R. Taylor, Alfred Gaudin, F. W. Gaird, Miss Carson, Thos. Hennessy, Jno. Dougal and wife.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charnier from Vancouver—Naval Storekeeper, D. Spencer, Turner B. & Co., Laidlaw Bros. & Co., J. S. Bailey, Martin & Robertson, E. C. Shepherd, F. Carne, G. Lowrey, Watson & Hall, Don E. Co.

Per steamer City of Puebla from San Francisco—Albin Iron Works, Anna Hudson Co., Armour Packing Co., A. Schuster, Blackman & Ker M. Co., D. H. Ross & Co., E. J. Prior & Co., E. J. Saunders & Co., E. J. Wall & Co., F. C. Bell & Co., F. R. Stewart, G. H. Cook, Yuen, H. Cooley, Hickman-Tye-Hide Co., Hudson's Bay Co., J. A. Clearhous, Jno. Harasley & Co., J. G. Hay, Jno. Robertson, Jno. Boyd & Co., John Bros., J. Saranah, J. W. McNeill, Kwong On Sing, Langley & Henderson Bros., M. W. Wall & Co., Bank of B. C., P. McQuade & Son, B. Baker & Son, Simon Leiser & Co., The Colonial, Thos. Bremford, Thos. Shaw, Viet Phoenix Brew Co., Wilson Bros., Yuen Lung, A. G. Larson, McMillan & H. W. H. Malkin & Co., Welch & Bower, S. Camillo, Wells Fargo & Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J. Wilson & Co., City Plumbing Co., Duncanson Trade Co., J. H. Todd & Son, Wilson Bros., Geo. Marsden, E. Maltland, Jas. Frell, Weller Bros. G. N. Ex.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Irish Pub. Co., J. Jordison, Vale & Brooks, O. H. Backus, T. Dunn & Co., Jos. Sommers, The Hickman & T. Hide Co., I. E. Morris, Wilson Bros. S. Lester & Co., A. J. Gerecht, F. R. Stewart.

A GRAND TRUNK BRAKEMAN

Tells the Story of His Exposure—The Fate That Befel Him, and How He Was Relieved of His Sufferings.

W. Lavelle, G.T.R. brakeman, Allandale, Ont., says: "Through exposure I contracted that dread disease—catarrh. My case became chronic. I was recommended to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. In ten minutes after the first application I had relief, and in an almost incredibly short time all symptoms had disappeared. I feel I cannot speak too strongly in recommending that remedy. It is a pleasant, safe and quick cure."

Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Counterpanes, Sheetings, etc., at Weiser Bros. Prices right.

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KOKANEE CREEK

In the Heart of the Silvery Slocan.

The Canadian Mining, Milling and Smelting Co. LIMITED.

Own the Choice Locations...

HOMESTRETCH, GLACIER 4, CLARA G, TWO SNOWBIRDS.

(All full sized claims.)

These claims are situated at the head waters of Kokanee Creek, on the divide between Alsworth, Sandon and Slocan City. A ledge 8 to 10 feet runs through these claims, carrying a paystreak 15 inches to two feet of high grade galena, assaying 300 ozs. silver and 60 per cent. lead.

CAPITAL, \$2,000,000; TREASURY, \$400,000.

150,000 shares now on the market. Promoters' stock pooled until June 1st, 1897. Stock now selling at 7 1/2c. per share from the brokers. Prospectuses and miniature map of the Slocan to be had on application.

LEIGHTON & WILLIAMS, MINING OPERATORS. Box III. SANDON, B. C.

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Mining Maps

Of... British Columbia.

IN NEAT POCKET FOLDERS.

Sheet Three --- Slocan District

Contains Four Coloured Maps, Mining Code, Mining Laws, etc., etc.

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FISHING TACKLE and all kinds of CUTLERY

AT FOX'S, 78 GOVERNMENT STREET.

NOTICE

Rock Bay Bridge is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,

City Engineer.

Whitman and Exin Watches, in strong cases, from \$5

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller

at YATES STREET.

Cleanse Watches thoroughly for 75c.

New Watch Spring 75c.

Balance and Pallet Staffs \$2.25.

Guarantee all work for 12 months.

Practical experience of over 25 years.

House for Sale

be sold for \$150

A. W. MOORE & CO.,

25 Government street.

Two Lots for Sale

At Beacon Hill for \$500 (this is a snap); One lot on Niagara street for \$500.

A. W. MOORE & CO.,

25 Government street.

Mining Shares for Sale

In all the principal mines in Slocan, Trail Creek, Yreka, etc.

A. W. MOORE & CO.,

25 Government street.

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